

Script for the paper “Uniform enclosures for the phase and zeros of Bessel functions and their derivatives”

<https://michaellevitin.net/bessels.html>

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Behind the scenes

- Directories

```
In[1]:= curdir = SetDirectory[NotebookDirectory[]];  
SaveDir = "./";
```

- Colors and symbols

```
In[3]:= mycolors = ColorData[97, "ColorList"][[1 ;; 8]]  
mytexcolors = "\\\\[definecolor{mycolors1}{rgb}{0.368417, 0.506779,  
0.709798}\\\\\[definecolor{mycolors2}{rgb}{0.880722, 0.611041,  
0.142051}\\\\\[definecolor{mycolors3}{rgb}{0.560181, 0.691569, 0.194885}";  
{filledcircle, filledsquare, filleddiamond, filleduptriangle, filleddowntriangle,  
circle, square, diamond, uptriangle, downtriangle} = Graphics`PlotMarkers[][[All, 1]]  
  
Out[3]= {■, ■, ■, ■, ■, ■, ■, ■}  
  
Out[5]= {●, ■, ♦, ▲, ▽, ○, □, ◇, △, ▽}
```

- MaTeX and lines

```
In[6]:= Needs["MaTeX`"]  
SetOptions[MaTeX, "BasePreamble" \rightarrow {"\\usepackage{amsmath}",  
"\\usepackage{fourier}", "\\usepackage{ebgaramond}", "\\usepackage{bm}",  
"\\usepackage{xcolor}\\definecolor{darkgreen}{rgb}{0.00, 0.67, 0.00}"(*,  
"\\usepackage{accents}",  
"\\DeclareMathAccent{\\tilde}{\\mathord}{largesymbols}{\"65}",  
"\\DeclareRobustCommand{\\utilde}[1]{\\underaccent{\\tilde}{#1}}")},  
FontSize \rightarrow 12, Magnification \rightarrow 1];
```

```
In[8]:= Thk = AbsoluteThickness[1.8];
VeryThk = AbsoluteThickness[3.];
Thn = AbsoluteThickness[0.6];
res = 600; size = 4.00; sizesmall = 2.50; sizewide = 5.00;
hwcoeff = 1.2;
Imgsize = {UpTo[Round[72 size]], UpTo[Round[72 hwcoeff size]]};
Imgsizesmall = {UpTo[Round[72 sizesmall]], UpTo[Round[72 hwcoeff sizesmall]]};
Imgsizewide = {UpTo[Round[72 sizewide]], UpTo[Round[72 hwcoeff sizewide]]};
lightgr = GrayLevel[.9]; darkgr = GrayLevel[.6];
mydashing0 = Charting`ResolvePlotTheme["Monochrome", Plot][7][2][5][2];
mydashing = Table[Directive[mydashing0[[j, 2]], mydashing0[[j, 4]]], {j, 1, 8}];
mydsh = mydashing[[2]]; mydot = mydashing[[3]];
PrTicks[xs_, ts_] := Thread[{xs, MaTeX[ts]}]

■ mods for [Ho17]

In[21]:= Mods[a_, b_] := a - b Round[a/b];
■ findallRoots from https://mathematica.stackexchange.com/questions/16439/find-all-roots-of-an-interpolating-function-solution-to-a-differential-equation/16444#16444

In[22]:= Clear[findAllRoots]
SyntaxInformation[findAllRoots] =
 {"LocalVariables" → {"Plot", {2, 2}}, "ArgumentsPattern" → {_, _, OptionsPattern[]}};
SetAttributes[findAllRoots, HoldAll];

Options[findAllRoots] = Join[{"ShowPlot" → False, PlotRange → All},
 FilterRules[Options[Plot], Except[PlotRange]]];

findAllRoots[fn_, {l_, lmin_, lmax_}, opts : OptionsPattern[]] :=
 Module[{pl, p, x, localFunction, brackets},
 localFunction = ReleaseHold[Hold[fn] /. HoldPattern[l] :> x];
 If[lmin ≠ lmax, pl = Plot[localFunction, {x, lmin, lmax}],
 Evaluate@FilterRules[Join[{opts}, Options[findAllRoots]], Options[Plot]]];
 p = Cases[pl, Line[{x_}] :> x, Infinity];
 If[OptionValue["ShowPlot"],
 Print[Show[pl, PlotLabel → "Finding roots for this function",
 ImageSize → 200, BaseStyle → {FontSize → 8}]], p = {}];
 brackets =
 Map[First, Select[(*This Split trick pretends that two points on the curve are
 "equal" if the function values have _opposite _ sign.Pairs of such sign-
 changes form the brackets for the subsequent FindRoot*)
 Split[p, Sign[Last[#2]] == -Sign[Last[#1]] &], Length[#1] == 2 &], {2}];
 x /. Apply[FindRoot[localFunction == 0, {x, ##1}] &, brackets, {1}] /. x → {}];

■ cleanCountourPlot from https://mathematica.stackexchange.com/questions/3190/saner-alternative-to-contourplot-fill/3279#3279
```

```
In[27]:= cleanContourPlot[cp_Graphics] := Module[{points, groups, regions, lines},
  groups = Cases[cp, {style___, g_GraphicsGroup} :> {{style}, g}, Infinity];
  points = First@Cases[cp, GraphicsComplex[pts_, ___] :> pts, Infinity];
  regions =
  Table[Module[{group, style, polys, edges, cover, graph}, {style, group} = g;
    polys = Join@@Cases[group, Polygon[pt_, ___] :> pt, Infinity];
    edges = Join@@(Partition[#, 2, 1, 1] &/@polys);
    cover = Cases[Tally[Sort /@ edges], {e_, 1} :> e];
    graph = Graph[UndirectedEdge @@@ cover];
    {Sequence @@ style, FilledCurve[
      List /@ Line /@ First /@ Map[First, FindEulerianCycle /@ (Subgraph[graph, #] &) /@
        ConnectedComponents[graph], {3}]]}], {g, groups}];
  lines = Cases[cp, _Tooltip, Infinity];
  Graphics[GraphicsComplex[points, {regions, lines}], Sequence @@ Options[cp]]]

cleanContourPlot[Legended[cp_Graphics, rest___]] :=
  Legended[cleanContourPlot[cp], rest]
```

§1. Introduction and main results

§1.1. Setup I: Bessel functions

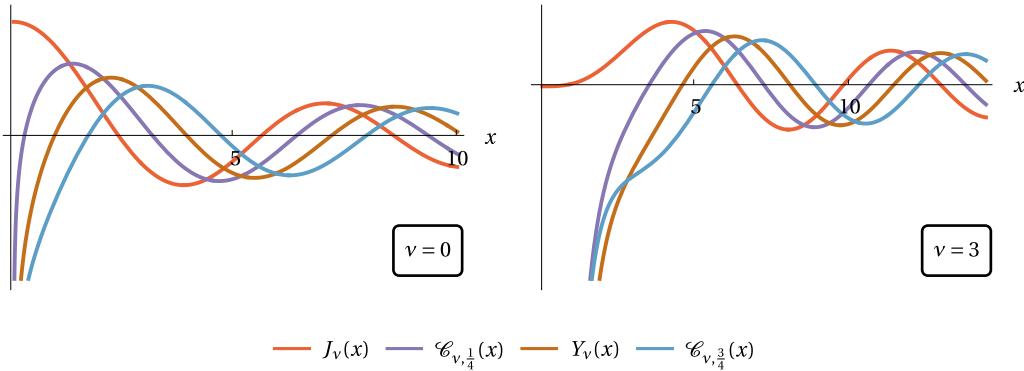
- Asymptotics of $\theta_\nu(x)$

```
In[29]:= easympt = x - Pi/4 (2 \nu + 1) + (4 \nu^2 - 1) / (8 x) + (4 \nu^2 - 1) (4 \nu^2 - 25) / (384 x^3);
```

- Figure $C_{\nu,\tau}(x)$

```
In[30]:= xtib = {5, 10}; ytib = {-1, -0.5, 0, 0.5, 1};
figCnuta = GraphicsColumn[
{GraphicsRow[Table[Plot[Cos[Pi \tau] BesselJ[\nu, x] + Sin[Pi \tau] BesselY[\nu, x] /.
\tau \rightarrow {0, 1/4, 1/2, 3/4} // Evaluate, {x, 0, 10 + \nu + \nu^(1/3)},
PlotStyle \rightarrow mycolors[4;;7], AxesLabel \rightarrow {MaTeX["x"], None},
Ticks \rightarrow {PrTicks[xtib, xtib], PrTicks[xtib, xtib]},
Epilog \rightarrow {Inset[Framed[MaTeX["\nu"] \<> ToString[\nu]], RoundingRadius \rightarrow 3],
{Right, Bottom}, Scaled[{1.5, -0.25}]]}], {\nu, {0, 3}}}],
LineLegend[mycolors[4;;7],
MaTeX[{"J_\nu(x)", "\mathcal{C}_{\nu,\frac{1}{4}}(x)", "Y_\nu(x)",
"\mathcal{C}_{\nu,\frac{3}{4}}(x)"}, LegendLayout \rightarrow "Row"]]}]
```

Out[31]=



```
In[32]:= Export[SaveDir <> "figCnuta.pdf", figCnuta]
```

Out[32]=

```
./figCnuta.pdf
```

- Computing $\theta_\nu(x)$ following [Ho17]

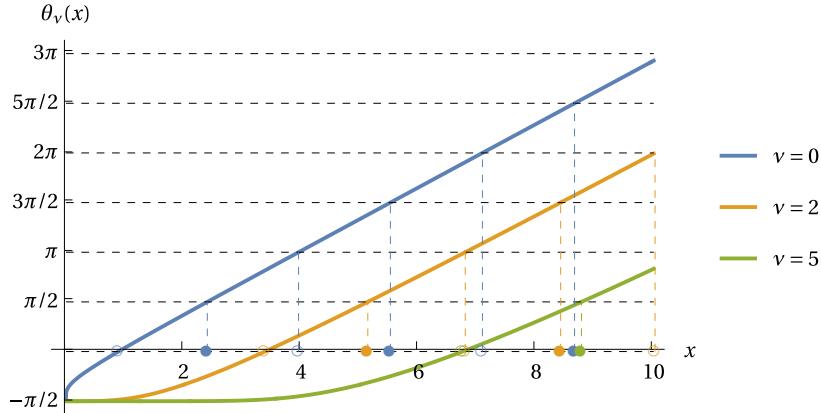
```
In[33]:= \theta[\nu_, x_] := If[Abs[x] \geq Abs[\nu], Sqrt[x^2 - \nu^2] - \nu ArcCos[\nu/x] - Pi/4, -Pi/4] +
Mod[ArcTan[BesselJ[\nu, x], BesselY[\nu, x]] -
If[Abs[x] \geq Abs[\nu], Sqrt[x^2 - \nu^2] - \nu ArcCos[\nu/x] - Pi/4, -Pi/4], 2Pi];
```

- Figure $\theta_\nu(x)$

```
In[34]:= yts1 = Table[yt, {yt, -Pi/2, 3Pi, Pi/2}];
xts1 = Table[x, {x, 2, 10, 2}];
yti1 = PrTicks[yts1,
 {"-\pi/2", "0", "\pi/2", "\pi", "3\pi/2", "2\pi", "5\pi/2", "3\pi"}];
xti1 = PrTicks[xts1, xts1];
```

```
In[38]:= plotθ = Plot[Table[θ[v, x], {v, {0, 2, 5}}] // Evaluate, {x, 0, 10}, PlotStyle → mycolors,
  Ticks → {xti1, yti1}, AxesLabel → MaTeX[{"x", "\θ_\nu(x)"}], Epilog →
  {{Thin, Black, Dashed, Table[Line[{{0, yt}, {10, yt}}], {yt, 0, 3 Pi, Pi/2}]},
   {mycolors[[1]], Dashed, Table[Line[
     {{BesselJZero[0, k], 0}, {BesselJZero[0, k], -Pi/2 + Pi k}}], {k, 1, 3}]}, Table[
     Line[{{BesselYZero[0, k], 0}, {BesselYZero[0, k], -Pi + Pi k}}], {k, 1, 3}]},
   {mycolors[[1]], Table[
     Inset[filledcircle, {BesselJZero[0, k], 0}, Scaled[{1/2, 1/2}], {k, 1, 3}]],
    {mycolors[[1]], Table[Inset[circle, {BesselYZero[0, k], 0}], {k, 1, 3}]},
   {mycolors[[2]], Dashed, Table[Line[
     {{BesselJZero[2, k], 0}, {BesselJZero[2, k], -Pi/2 + Pi k}}], {k, 1, 2}]}, Table[
     Line[{{BesselYZero[2, k], 0}, {BesselYZero[2, k], -Pi + Pi k}}], {k, 1, 3}]},
   {mycolors[[2]], Table[Inset[filledcircle, {BesselJZero[2, k], 0}], {k, 1, 2}]},
   {mycolors[[2]], Table[Inset[circle, {BesselYZero[2, k], 0}], {k, 1, 3}]},
   {mycolors[[3]], Dashed, Table[Line[
     {{BesselJZero[5, k], 0}, {BesselJZero[5, k], -Pi/2 + Pi k}}], {k, 1, 1}]}, Table[
     Line[{{BesselYZero[5, k], 0}, {BesselYZero[5, k], -Pi + Pi k}}], {k, 1, 2}]},
   {mycolors[[3]], Table[Inset[filledcircle, {BesselJZero[5, k], 0}], {k, 1, 1}]},
   {mycolors[[3]], Table[Inset[circle, {BesselYZero[5, k], 0}], {k, 1, 2}]}}
  }, PlotLegends → MaTeX[{"\ν=0", "\ν=2", "\ν=5"}]]
```

Out[38]=



In[39]:= Export[SaveDir <> "plotthetabessels.pdf", plotθ]

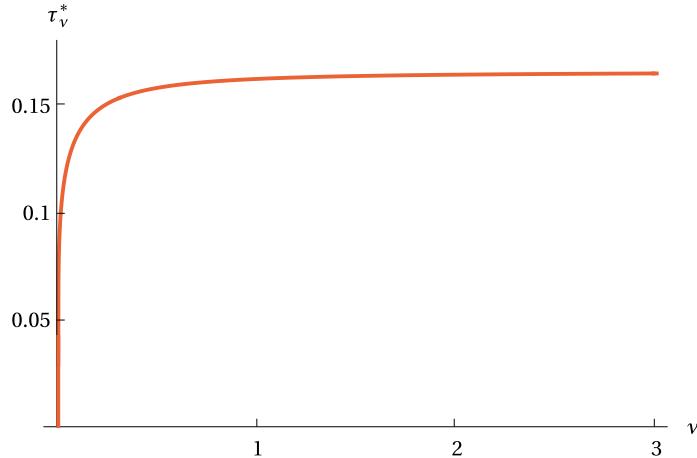
Out[39]=

./plotthetabessels.pdf

■ Figure τ_v^*

```
In[40]:= figtaustar = Plot[1/Pi θ[v, v] + 1/2, {v, 0, 3},
  PlotRange → {0.0000, 0.18}, PlotStyle → {Thick, mycolors[[4]]},
  Epilog → {mycolors[[4]], Thick, Line[{{0, 0}, {0, 0.042732809954193596}}]},
  (* some fiddling near v==0*) AxesLabel → MaTeX[{"\nu", "\tau^*\nu"}],
  Ticks → {{Range[3], MaTeX[Range[3]]} // Transpose,
  {0.05 Range[3], MaTeX[0.05 Range[3]]} // Transpose}]
```

Out[40]=



```
In[41]:= Export[SaveDir <> "figtaustar.pdf", figtaustar]
```

Out[41]=

```
./figtaustar.pdf
```

§1.2. Setup II: derivatives of Bessel functions

- Derivatives of Bessel functions

```
In[42]:= DBesselJ[v_, x_] :=  $\frac{1}{2} (\text{BesselJ}[-1+v, x] - \text{BesselJ}[1+v, x]);$ 
DBesselY[v_, x_] :=  $\frac{1}{2} (\text{BesselY}[-1+v, x] - \text{BesselY}[1+v, x]);$ 
```

- Asymptotics of $\phi_v(x)$

```
In[44]:= φasympt = x - Pi / 4 (2 v - 1) + (4 v^2 + 3) / (8 x) + (16 v^4 + 184 v^2 - 63) / (384 x^3);
```

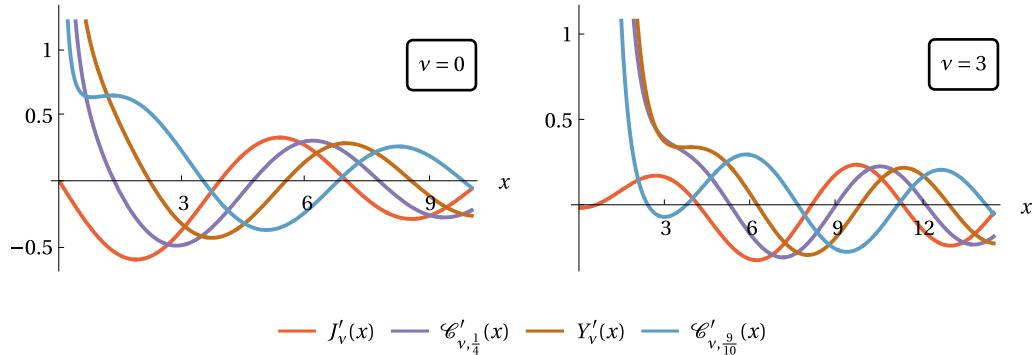
- Computing $\phi_v(x)$ following [Ho17]

```
In[45]:= φ[v_, x_] := If[Abs[x] ≥ Abs[v], Sqrt[x^2 - v^2] - v ArcCos[v/x] + Pi/4, Pi/4] +
  Mods[ArcTan[DBesselJ[v, x], DBesselY[v, x]] -
  If[Abs[x] ≥ Abs[v], Sqrt[x^2 - v^2] - v ArcCos[v/x] + Pi/4, 2 Pi];
```

- Figure $C'_{v,\tau}(x)$

```
In[46]:= xtib = {3, 6, 9, 12}; ytib = {-1, -0.5, 0, 0.5, 1};
figCnutauprime = GraphicsColumn[
{GraphicsRow[Table[Plot[Cos[Pi \tau] DBesselJ[\nu, x] + Sin[Pi \tau] DBesselY[\nu, x] /.
\tau \rightarrow {0, 1/4, 1/2, 9/10} // Evaluate, {x, 0, 10 + \nu + \nu^(1/3)},
PlotStyle \rightarrow mycolors[4 ;; 7], AxesLabel \rightarrow {MaTeX["x"], None},
Ticks \rightarrow {PrTicks[xtib, xtib], PrTicks[ytib, ytib]},
Epilog \rightarrow {Inset[Framed[MaTeX["\nu"] \< ToString[\nu]], RoundingRadius \rightarrow 3],
{Right, Top}, Scaled[{1.5, 1.5}]]}], {\nu, {0, 3}}}],
LineLegend[mycolors[4 ;; 7]],
MaTeX[{"J'_\nu(x)", "\mathcal{C}'_{\nu, \frac{1}{4}}(x)", "Y'_\nu(x)", "\mathcal{C}'_{\nu, \frac{9}{10}}(x)"}, LegendLayout \rightarrow "Row"]]
```

Out[47]=



In[48]:= Export[SaveDir <> "figCnutauprime.pdf", figCnutauprime]

Out[48]=

./figCnutauprime.pdf

■ Figure $\phi_\nu(x)$

```
In[49]:= plotphi primez = Table[findAllRoots[DBesselJ[\nu, x], {x, 0, 10}], {\nu, {0, 2, 5}}];
PrependTo[plotphi primez[[1]], 0];
plotphi primez
plotphiy primez = Table[findAllRoots[DBesselY[\nu, x], {x, 0, 10}], {\nu, {0, 2, 5}}]
```

Out[51]=

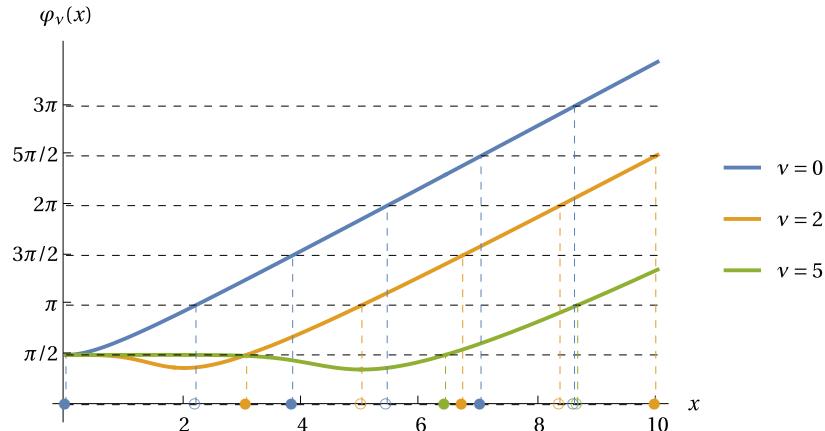
{ {0, 3.83171, 7.01559}, {3.05424, 6.70613, 9.96947}, {6.41562} }

Out[52]=

{ {2.19714, 5.42968, 8.59601}, {5.00258, 8.35072}, {8.64956} }

```
In[53]:= plotphi = Plot[Table[phi[v, x], {v, {0, 2, 5}}] // Evaluate,
{x, 0, 10}, PlotStyle -> mycolors, Ticks -> {xti1, yti1},
AxesLabel -> MaTeX[{"x", "\varphi_\nu(x)"}, AxesOrigin -> {0, 0}, Epilog -> {
{Thin, Black, Dashed, Table[Line[{{0, yt}, {10, yt}}], {yt, 0, 3 Pi, Pi/2}]},
Table[
{mycolors[[j]],
Dashed,
Table[Line[{{plotphiprimez[j, k], 0}, {plotphiprimez[j, k], -Pi/2 + Pi k}}],
{k, 1, Length[plotphiprimez[j]]}],
Table[Line[{{plotphiprimez[j, k], 0}, {plotphiprimez[j, k], Pi k}}],
{k, 1, Length[plotphiprimez[j]]}]
}, {j, 1, 3}],
Table[
{mycolors[[j]],
Table[Inset[filledcircle, {plotphiprimez[j, k], 0}], {k, 1, Length[plotphiprimez[j]]}],
Table[Inset[circle, {plotphiprimez[j, k], 0}], {k, 1, Length[plotphiprimez[j]]}]
}, {j, 1, 3}]
}, PlotLegends -> MaTeX[{"\nu=0", "\nu=2", "\nu=5"}]]
```

Out[53]=



In[54]:= Export[SaveDir <> "figphi.pdf", plotphi]

Out[54]=

./figphi.pdf

§1.4. Definitions and properties of the auxiliary functions I

- $\tilde{\theta}_v(x)$, its derivative, and asymptotics

```
In[55]:= θUp[v_, x_] := Sqrt[x^2 - v^2] - v ArcCos[v/x] - Pi/4; (* θv(x) *)
DθUp = Simplify[D[θUp[v, x], x], x > v ≥ 0] (* θv'(x) *)
```

Out[56]=

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^2 - v^2}}{x}$$

```
In[57]:= θUpasympt = Series[θUp[v, x], {x, Infinity, 2}] // Simplify
Out[57]=

$$x - \frac{1}{4} \pi (1 + 2 v) + \frac{v^2}{2 x} + O\left[\frac{1}{x}\right]^3$$

```

- $\theta(x)$, its derivative, and asymptotics

```
In[58]:= θDown[v_, x_] := Sqrt[x^2 - v^2] - v ArcCos[v/x] -
Pi/4 - (3 x^2 + 2 v^2) / (24 (x^2 - v^2)^(3/2)); (* θ_v(x) *)
DθDown = Simplify[D[θDown[v, x], x], x > v ≥ 0]; (* θ'_v(x) *)
DθDown // TraditionalForm
Simplify[DθDown /. x → Sqrt[v^2 + x^2], x > 0]
```

$$\text{Out[60]//TraditionalForm}=$$

$$\frac{-8 v^6 + 8 x^6 + (1 - 24 v^2) x^4 + 4 (6 v^4 + v^2) x^2}{8 x (x^2 - v^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$\text{Out[61]}=$$

$$\frac{5 v^4 + 6 v^2 \chi^2 + \chi^4 + 8 \chi^6}{8 \chi^5 \sqrt{v^2 + \chi^2}}$$

```
In[62]:= θDownasympt = Series[θDown[v, x], {x, Infinity, 4}] // Simplify
Out[62]=

$$x - \frac{1}{4} \pi (1 + 2 v) + \frac{-1 + 4 v^2}{8 x} + \frac{v^2 (-13 + 2 v^2)}{48 x^3} + O\left[\frac{1}{x}\right]^5$$

```

§1.5. Main results I: bounding the phase and zeros of Bessel functions

- Inverse functions of bounds with precision

```
In[63]:= θUpInv[v_, y_, prec_:MachinePrecision] :=
x /. FindRoot[θUp[v, x] == y, {x, Max[v, y+1/4 Pi (2 v+1)], prec},
WorkingPrecision → prec, Method → "AffineCovariantNewton"];
(* θDownInv[v_, y_, prec_:MachinePrecision]:=*
x/.FindRoot[θDown[v,x]==y,{x,Max[v,y+1/4Pi (2v+1)],prec}, WorkingPrecision→prec]//Re; *)
θDownInv[v_, y_, prec_:MachinePrecision] :=
x /. FindRoot[θDown[v, x] == y, {x, Max[v, y+1/4 Pi (2 v+1)], prec},
WorkingPrecision → prec, Method → "AffineCovariantNewton"];
```

- Figure $\theta_v(x)$ bounds

```
In[65]:= vs = {0, 5, 50, 200}; xmaxs = {3, 10, 58, 214};
xt = {{1, 2, 3}, {6, 8, 10}, {54, 58}, {207, 214}};
xticks = Table[{xt[[j]], MaTeX[xt[[j]], Magnification -> 0.8]} // Transpose, {j, 1, 4}];
yticks = {{-1/2, 0, 1/4, 1/2}, MaTeX[{"-\frac{1}{2}", "0",
"\frac{1}{4}", "\frac{1}{2}"}, Magnification -> 0.8]} // Transpose;
wp = 16;
jzeros = N[BesselJZero[vs, 1], wp]
jzerosdown = Table[θUpInv[vs[[j]], Pi/2, wp], {j, 1, 4}]
jzerosup = Table[θDownInv[vs[[j]], Pi/2, wp], {j, 1, 4}]
yzeros = N[BesselYZero[vs, 1], wp]
yzerosdown = Table[θUpInv[vs[[j]], 0, wp], {j, 1, 4}]
yzerosup = Table[θDownInv[vs[[j]], 0, wp], {j, 1, 4}]
jyzeros = Table[
NSolveValues[{{(BesselJ[v, x] - BesselY[v, x]) /. v -> vs[[j]]} == 0, vs[[j]] < x < xmaxs[[j]]},
x, WorkingPrecision -> wp][[1]], {j, 1, 4}]
jyzerosdown = Table[θUpInv[vs[[j]], Pi/4, wp], {j, 1, 4}]
jyzerosup = Table[θDownInv[vs[[j]], Pi/4, wp], {j, 1, 4}]
yzeros2 = N[BesselYZero[vs, 2], wp]
yzerosdown2 = Table[θUpInv[vs[[j]], Pi, wp], {j, 1, 4}]
yzerosup2 = Table[θDownInv[vs[[j]], Pi, wp], {j, 1, 4}]

Out[70]= {2.404825557695773, 8.771483815959954, 57.11689916011917, 211.0291665105547}

Out[71]= {2.356194490192345, 8.735670224368260, 57.06014735242129, 210.9435264448392}

Out[72]= {2.408102577972088, 8.773723382042801, 57.12074576554989, 211.0349987107705}

Out[73]= {0.8935769662791675, 6.747183824871022, 53.50285882040037, 205.4924725086642}

Out[74]= {0.7853981633974483, 6.650743260039119, 53.32540833486605, 205.2177070708794}

Out[75]= {0.9211047674809849, 6.773569788711935, 53.55298414169889, 205.5701650402530}

Out[76]= {1.638559910293841, 7.799046601679099, 55.42736816079233, 208.4563055966140}

Out[77]= {1.570796326794897, 7.746395558987345, 55.33814645332642, 208.3200599152652}

Out[78]= {1.646705469222776, 7.805216821976846, 55.43844257964444, 208.4732660981063}

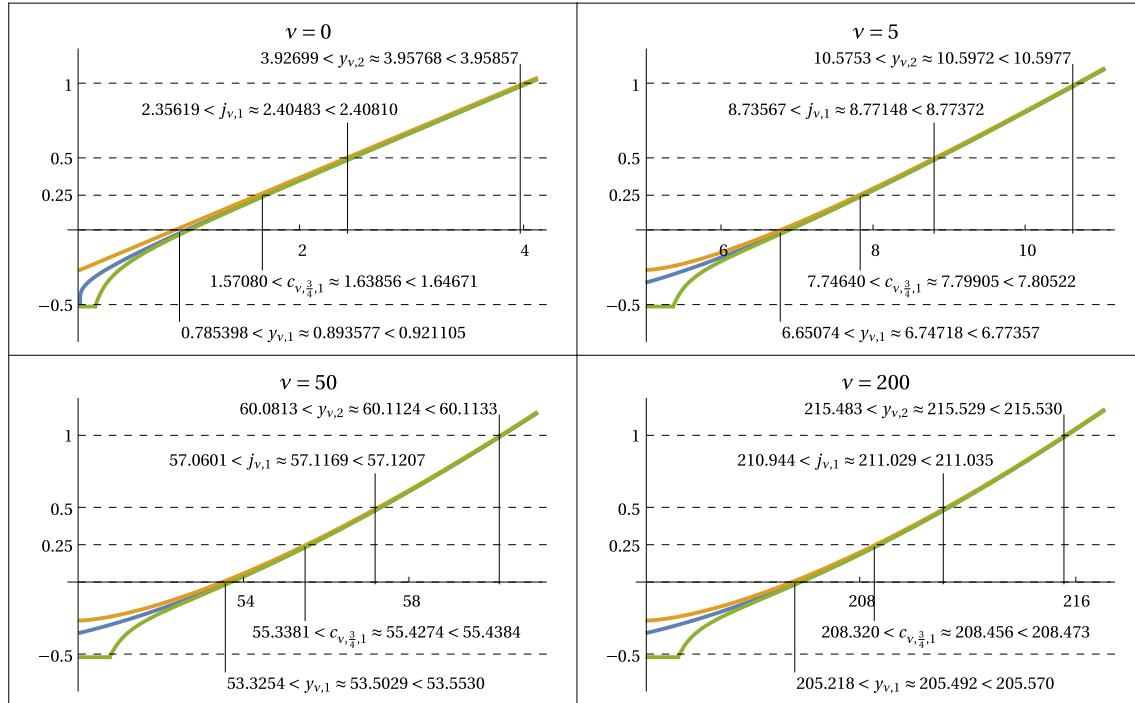
Out[79]= {3.957678419314858, 10.59717672678203, 60.11244442774058, 215.5286305325874}

Out[80]= {3.926990816987242, 10.57531070943339, 60.08131945448717, 215.4826177043710}

Out[81]= {3.958567893185726, 10.59773018739399, 60.11333266661382, 215.5299550243314}
```

```
In[82]:= xmaxs2 = {4.1, 11, 61, 217};
xt = {{2, 4}, {6, 8, 10}, {54, 58}, {208, 216}};
xticks = Table[{xt[[j]], MaTeX[xt[[j]], Magnification -> 0.8]} // Transpose, {j, 1, 4}];
yticks = {yt = {-0.5, 0, 0.25, 0.5, 1}, MaTeX[yt, Magnification -> 0.8],
Table[1, 5], Table[Directive[Thin, Dashed], 5]} // Transpose;
figcomparisonJ2 = GraphicsGrid[
ArrayReshape[Table[Plot[1/Pi {θ[v, x], θUp[v, x], Max[-Pi/2, θDown[v, x]]} /.
v -> vs[[j]] // Evaluate, {x, vs[[j]], xmaxs2[[j]]},
PlotLabel -> MaTeX["\\nu=" <> ToString[vs[[j]]]], Epilog -> {Black, Thin,
Line[{{jzeros[[j]], 0}, {jzeros[[j]], 0.75}}], Line[{{yzeros[[j]], 0}, {yzeros[[j]], -0.6}}], Line[{{yzeros2[[j]], 0}, {yzeros2[[j]], 1.15}}], Line[{{jyzeros[[j]], 0.25}, {jyzeros[[j]], -0.25}}], Inset[MaTeX[ToString[DecimalForm[jzerosdown[[j]], 6]] <>
"<j_{\nu,1}\approx" <> ToString[DecimalForm[jzeros[[j]], 6]] <> "<" <> ToString[DecimalForm[jzerosup[[j]], 6]], Magnification -> 0.8], {jzeros[[j]], 0.75}, Scaled[{0.8, 0}]], Inset[MaTeX[ToString[DecimalForm[yzerosdown[[j]], 6]] <> "<y_{\nu,1}\approx" <> ToString[DecimalForm[yzeros[[j]], 6]] <> "<" <> ToString[DecimalForm[yzerosup[[j]], 6]], Magnification -> 0.8], {yzeros[[j]], -0.6}, Scaled[{0, 1}]], Inset[MaTeX[ToString[DecimalForm[yzerosdown2[[j]], 6]] <> "<y_{\nu,2}\approx" <> ToString[DecimalForm[yzeros2[[j]], 6]] <> "<" <> ToString[DecimalForm[yzerosup2[[j]], 6]], Magnification -> 0.8], {yzeros2[[j]], 1.1}, Scaled[{1, 0}]], Inset[MaTeX[ToString[DecimalForm[jyzerosdown[[j]], 6]] <> "<c_{\nu,\frac{3}{4}}\approx" <> ToString[DecimalForm[jyzeros[[j]], 6]] <> "<" <> ToString[DecimalForm[jyzerosup[[j]], 6]], Magnification -> 0.8], {jyzeros[[j]], -0.25}, Scaled[{0.2, 1}]] }, PlotRange -> {-0.75, 1.25}, Ticks -> {xticks[[j]], yticks}, {j, 1, 4}], {2, 2}], Frame -> All]
```

Out[86]=



In[87]:= Export["fig_comparison_J.pdf", figcomparisonJ2]

Out[87]=

fig_comparison_J.pdf

§1.6. Definitions and properties of the auxiliary functions II

- $\phi_{\nu}(x)$, its derivative, and asymptotics

In[88]:= $\phi_{\text{Down}}[\nu_, x_] := \text{Sqrt}[x^2 - \nu^2] - \nu \text{ArcCos}[\nu / x] + \text{Pi} / 4$; (* $\phi_{\nu}(x)$ *) $D\phi_{\text{Down}} = \text{Simplify}[D[\phi_{\text{Down}}[\nu, x], x], x > \nu \geq 0]$ (* $\phi'_{\nu}(x)$ *)

Out[89]=

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^2 - \nu^2}}{x}$$

In[90]:= $\phi_{\text{Downasympt}} = \text{Series}[\phi_{\text{Down}}[\nu, x], \{x, \text{Infinity}, 2\}] // \text{Simplify}$

Out[90]=

$$x + \frac{1}{4} (\pi - 2 \pi \nu) + \frac{\nu^2}{2 x} + O\left[\frac{1}{x}\right]^3$$

- $\tilde{\phi}_{\nu}(x)$, its derivative, and asymptotics

In[91]:= $\phi_{\text{Up}}[\nu_, x_] :=$ $\text{Sqrt}[x^2 - \nu^2] - \nu \text{ArcCos}[\nu / x] + \text{Pi} / 4 + (9 x^2 - 2 \nu^2) / (24 (x^2 - \nu^2)^{(3/2)})$; $D\phi_{\text{Up}} = \text{Simplify}[D[\phi_{\text{Up}}[\nu, x], x], x > \nu \geq 0]$

Out[92]=

$$\frac{8 x^6 - 8 \nu^6 + 4 x^2 \nu^2 (-1 + 6 \nu^2) - 3 x^4 (1 + 8 \nu^2)}{8 x (x^2 - \nu^2)^{5/2}}$$

```
In[93]:= φUpasympt = Series[φUp[ν, x], {x, Infinity, 3}] // Simplify
Out[93]=

$$x + \frac{1}{4} (\pi - 2 \pi \nu) + \frac{3 + 4 \nu^2}{8 x} + \frac{\nu^2 (23 + 2 \nu^2)}{48 x^3} + O\left[\frac{1}{x}\right]^4$$


■  $p_\nu$  and  $z_\nu^\star$ 

In[94]:= pν[ν_, x_] := 8 x^6 - 8 ν^6 + 4 x^2 ν^2 (-1 + 6 ν^2) - 3 x^4 (1 + 8 ν^2);

In[95]:= xstar[ν_] :=
  If[ν == 0, Sqrt[3/8], Root[-8 ν^6 + (-4 ν^2 + 24 ν^4) #1^2 + (-3 - 24 ν^2) #1^4 + 8 #1^6 &, 2]];
zstar[ν_] := φUp[ν, xstar[ν]]

In[97]:= Assuming[ν > 0, Series[xstar[ν], {ν, Infinity, 1}]]
Assuming[ν > 0, Series[φUp[ν, ν + 1/4 × 7^(1/3) ν^(1/3)], {ν, Infinity, 1}]] // FullSimplify

... Root: Because of branch cuts, the series may represent a different root of

$$-8 + (24 \nu^2 - 4 \nu^4) \#1^2 + (-24 \nu^4 - 3 \nu^6) \#1^4 + 8 \nu^6 \#1^6$$
 & for some values of  $\nu$ .
Out[97]=

$$\nu + \frac{1}{4} \times 7^{1/3} \nu^{1/3} + \frac{19 \left(\frac{1}{\nu}\right)^{1/3}}{96 \times 7^{1/3}} + \frac{5}{384 \nu} + O\left[\frac{1}{\nu}\right]^{4/3}$$


Out[98]=

$$\frac{1}{12} (2 \sqrt{14} + 3 \pi) + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(\frac{1}{\nu}\right)^{2/3}}{5 \times 7^{1/6}} + O\left[\frac{1}{\nu}\right]^{4/3}$$

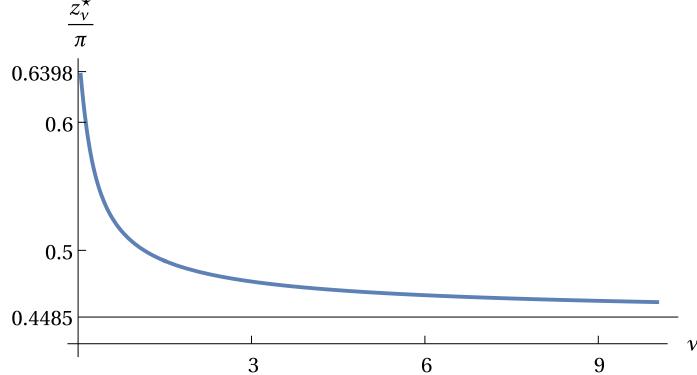

In[99]:= zstar[0] / Pi // N
zstarinf = Pi / 4 + Sqrt[7/18];
zstarinf / Pi // N

Out[99]=
0.639848

Out[101]=
0.448501
```

```
In[102]:= ztzt = {ztz = {0.5, 0.6}, MaTeX[ztz]} // Transpose;
PrependTo[ztzt, {N[zstarinf / Pi], MaTeX["0.4485"], 1}];
AppendTo[ztzt, {N[zstar[0] / Pi], MaTeX["0.6398"]}];
figzstar = Plot[zstar[v] / Pi, {v, 0, 10}, PlotRange -> {Full, Full}, AxesLabel -> MaTeX[
{"\nu", "\frac{z^*\nu}{\pi}"}, AxesOrigin -> {0, zstarinf / Pi - 0.02},
Ticks -> {{xzt = {3, 6, 9}, MaTeX[xzt]} // Transpose, ztzt}, AspectRatio -> 1/2]
```

Out[104]=



In[105]:=

```
Export[SaveDir <> "figzstar.pdf", figzstar]
```

Out[105]=

```
./figzstar.pdf
```

§1.7. Main results II: bounding zeros of derivatives of Bessel functions

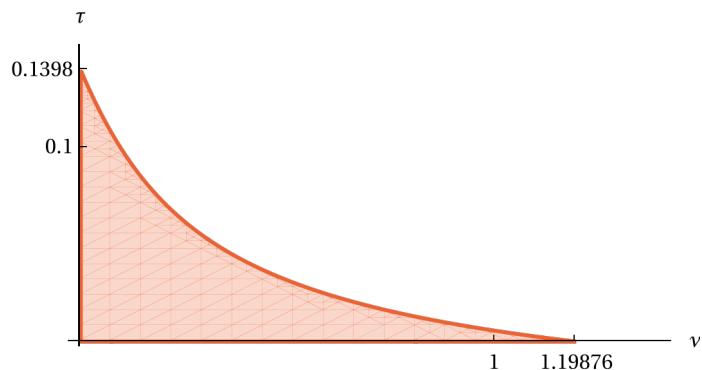
- Figure “Forbidden region”

```
In[106]:= zstar[0] / Pi - 1/2 // N
FindRoot[zstar[v] / Pi == 1/2, {v, 1}]
figforbid = RegionPlot[\tau \leq zstar[v] / Pi - 1/2, {v, 0, 1.4},
{\tau, 0, 0.15}, Frame \rightarrow Off, Axes \rightarrow True, AxesLabel \rightarrow {v, \tau},
AspectRatio \rightarrow 1/2, PlotStyle \rightarrow Directive[Opacity[0.25], mycolors[4]],
BoundaryStyle \rightarrow mycolors[4], Ticks \rightarrow {{xtr = {1, 1.19876}, MaTeX[xtr]} // Transpose,
{ytr = {0.1, 0.1398}, MaTeX[ytr]} // Transpose}]
```

Out[106]=
0.139848

Out[107]=
 $\{\nu \rightarrow 1.19876\}$

Out[108]=



```
In[109]:= Export[SaveDir \<> "figforbid.pdf", figforbid]
Out[109]= ./figforbid.pdf
```

■ Inverse functions of bounds with precision

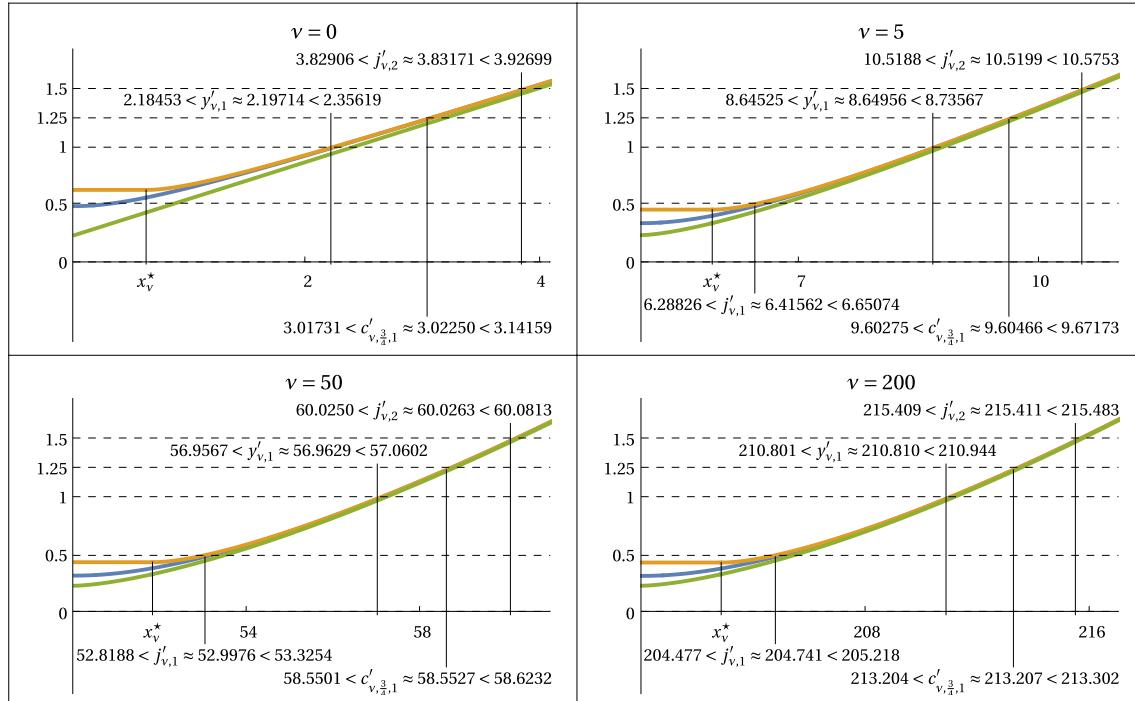
```
In[110]:= \phiUpInv[v_, y_, prec_ : MachinePrecision] :=
x /. FindRoot[\phiUp[v, x] == y, {x, Max[v, y + 1/4 Pi (2 v + 1)]}, prec],
WorkingPrecision \rightarrow prec, Method \rightarrow "AffineCovariantNewton"];
\phiDownInv[v_, y_, prec_ : MachinePrecision] :=
x /. FindRoot[\phiDown[v, x] == y, {x, Max[v, y + 1/4 Pi (2 v + 1)]}, prec],
WorkingPrecision \rightarrow prec, Method \rightarrow "AffineCovariantNewton"];
wp = 8;
```

■ Figure $\phi_v(x)$ bounds

```
In[113]:= xmaxs2 = {4.1, 11, 61, 217};
jpzeros = Table[NsolveValues[{{(DBesselJ[v, x] /. v → vs[j]) == 0, vs[j] < x < xmaxs2[j]}, {x, WorkingPrecision → wp}], {j, 1, 4}];
PrependTo[jpzeros[[1]], 0];
jpzeros
jpzerosdown =
Table[If[j == 1 && k == 0, , φUpInv[vs[j], Pi / 2 + Pi k, wp]], {j, 1, 4}, {k, 0, 1}]
jpzerosup =
Table[If[j == 1 && k == 0, , φDownInv[vs[j], Pi / 2 + Pi k, wp]], {j, 1, 4}, {k, 0, 1}]
ypzeros =
Table[If[j > 1, NsolveValues[{{(DBesselY[v, x] /. v → vs[j]) == 0, vs[j] < x < xmaxs2[j]}, {x, WorkingPrecision → wp}][[1]], N[BesselYZero[1, 1], wp]], {j, 1, 4}]
ypzerosdown = Table[φUpInv[vs[j], Pi, wp], {j, 1, 4}]
ypzerosup = Table[φDownInv[vs[j], Pi, wp], {j, 1, 4}]
jypzeros = Table[
NsolveValues[{{(DBesselJ[v, x] - DBesselY[v, x] /. v → vs[j]) == 0, Floor[ypzeros[j]] < x < Ceiling[jpzeros[[2]]]}, {x, WorkingPrecision → wp}][[1]], {j, 1, 4}]
jypzerosdown = Table[NsolveValues[
{φUp[vs[j], x] == 5 Pi / 4, Floor[ypzeros[j]] < x < Ceiling[jpzeros[[2]]]}, {x, WorkingPrecision → wp}][[1]], {j, 1, 4}]
jypzerosup = Table[NsolveValues[
{φDown[vs[j], x] == 5 Pi / 4, Floor[ypzeros[j]] < x < Ceiling[jpzeros[[2]]]}, {x, WorkingPrecision → wp}][[1]], {j, 1, 4}]
Out[116]= {{0, 3.8317060}, {6.4156164, 10.519861}, {52.997640, 60.026319}, {204.74096, 215.41064}}
Out[117]= {{Null, 3.8290554}, {6.2882622, 10.518842}, {52.818788, 60.024996}, {204.47655, 215.40874}}
Out[118]= {{Null, 3.9269908}, {6.6507433, 10.575311}, {53.325410, 60.081320}, {205.21772, 215.48262}}
Out[119]= {2.1971413, 8.6495562, 56.962904, 210.81029}
Out[120]= {2.1845331, 8.6452479, 56.956742, 210.80123}
Out[121]= {2.3561945, 8.7356702, 57.060152, 210.94355}
Out[122]= {3.0224970, 9.6046632, 58.552684, 213.20737}
Out[123]= {3.0173098, 9.6027478, 58.550077, 213.20358}
Out[124]= {3.1415927, 9.6717325, 58.623174, 213.30163}
```

```
In[125]:= 
yticks = {yt = {0, 0.5, 1, 1.25, 1.5}, MaTeX[yt, Magnification -> 0.8],
  Table[1, 5], Table[Directive[Thin, Dashed], 5]} // Transpose;
xt = {{2, 4}, {7, 10}, {54, 58}, {208, 216}};
xticks = Table[{xt[[j]], MaTeX[xt[[j]], Magnification -> 0.8]} // Transpose, {j, 1, 4}];
Do[PrependTo[xticks[[j]],
  {xstar[[vs[[j]]]], MaTeX["x^\\star_\\nu", Magnification -> 0.8], 0}], {j, 1, 4}]
figcomparisonJp = GraphicsGrid[ArrayReshape[Table[
  Show[
    Plot[1/Pi {phi[v, x], phiUp[v, x], phiDown[v, x]} /. v -> vs[[j]] // Evaluate,
      {x, xstar[[vs[[j]]]], xmaxs2[[j]]},
      PlotLabel -> MaTeX["\\nu=" <> ToString[vs[[j]]]], Epilog -> {Black, Thin,
        Line[{{jpzeros[[j]][2]}, 0}, {jpzeros[[j]][2], 1.65}}],
        Line[{{jyzeros[[j]], 1.25}, {jyzeros[[j]], -0.45}}],
        Line[{{ypzeros[[j]], 0}, {ypzeros[[j]], 1.3}}],
        If[j > 1, Line[{{jpzeros[[j]][1]}, 0.5}, {jpzeros[[j]][1], -0.25}]]],
        Line[{{xstar[[vs[[j]]]], 0}, {xstar[[vs[[j]]]], zstar[[vs[[j]]]/Pi]}],
        Inset[MaTeX[ToString[DecimalForm[jpzerosdown[[j]][2]], 6]] <>
          "<j'_\\nu,2\\approx" <> ToString[DecimalForm[jpzeros[[j]][2], 6]] <>
          "<" <> ToString[DecimalForm[jpzerosup[[j]][2], 6]],
          Magnification -> 0.8], {Right, 1.65}, Scaled[{1, 0}]],
        If[j > 1, Inset[MaTeX[ToString[DecimalForm[jpzerosdown[[j]][1]], 6]] <>
          "<j'_\\nu,1\\approx" <> ToString[DecimalForm[jpzeros[[j]][1], 6]] <>
          "<" <> ToString[DecimalForm[jpzerosup[[j]][1], 6]],
          Magnification -> 0.8], {vs[[j]], -0.25}, Scaled[{0, 1}]],
        Inset[MaTeX[ToString[DecimalForm[ypzerosdown[[j]], 6]] <>
          "<y'_\\nu,1\\approx" <> ToString[DecimalForm[ypzeros[[j]], 6]] <>
          "<" <> ToString[DecimalForm[ypzerosup[[j]], 6]],
          Magnification -> 0.8], {ypzeros[[j]], 1.3}, Scaled[{0.8, 0}],
        Inset[MaTeX[ToString[DecimalForm[jyzerosdown[[j]], 6]] <>
          "<c'_\\nu,\\frac{3}{4}\\approx" <> ToString[DecimalForm[
            jyzeros[[j]], 6]] <> "<" <> ToString[DecimalForm[jyzerosup[[j]], 6]],
          Magnification -> 0.8], {Right, -0.45}, Scaled[{1, 1}]]},
      PlotRange -> {{vs[[j]], xmaxs2[[j]]}, {-0.7, 1.85}}, Ticks -> {xticks[[j]], yticks}],
      Plot[1/Pi {phi[v, x], zstar[v], phiDown[v, x]} /. v -> vs[[j]] // Evaluate,
        {x, vs[[j]], xstar[[vs[[j]]]]}, PlotRange -> {Automatic, {-0.7, 1.85}}]
    ], {j, 1, 4}], {2, 2}], Frame -> All]
```

Out[129]=



In[130]:=

Export[SaveDir <> "fig_comparison_Jp.pdf", figcomparisonJp]

Out[130]=

./fig_comparison_Jp.pdf

§2. Proofs

§2.1. Liouville's transform and phase functions

In[131]:=

```

F[f_, t_, x_] := Cos[f - Pi t] / Sqrt[D[f, x]];
V[f_, x_] :=
  D[f, x]^2 + 1/2 D[f, {x, 3}] / D[f, x] - 3/4 (D[f, {x, 2}] / D[f, x])^2 // Simplify
CheckSchrö[Α_, Ρ_, x_] := D[Α, x, x] + Ρ Α // Simplify;
(* checks Schrödinger equation for function Α and potential Ρ *)

```

■ Lemma 2.1

In[134]:=

CheckSchrö[F[f[x], t, x], V[f[x], x], x]

Out[134]=

0

■ Lemma 2.3

```
In[135]:= Simplify[D[ArcTan[\&2[x]/\&1[x]], x]] /.
Wronskian[\{\&1[x], \&2[x]\}, x] → W (*\&1[x] \&2'[x]-\&2[x] \&1'[x]→W*)

Out[135]= 
$$\frac{W}{\&1[x]^2 + \&2[x]^2}$$


In[136]:= Simplify[
FullSimplify[\&F[ArcTan[\&2[x]/\&1[x]], t, x] // TrigExpand, \&1[x] > 0 && W > 0] /.
Wronskian[\{\&1[x], \&2[x]\}, x] → W, \&1[x]^2 + \&2[x]^2 > 0]

Out[136]= 
$$\frac{\cos[\pi t] \&1[x] + \sin[\pi t] \&2[x]}{\sqrt{W}}$$


In[137]:= (* extra check *)
Simplify[\&V[ArcTan[\&2[x]/\&1[x]], x] /.
{\&1'''[x] → -P[x] \&1[x], \&1''''[x] → -P'[x] \&1[x] - P[x] \&1'[x],
\&2'''[x] → -P[x] \&2[x], \&2''''[x] → -P'[x] \&2[x] - P[x] \&2'[x]}]

Out[137]= P[x]

■ Lemma 2.4

In[138]:= CheckSchrö[Sqrt[x] BesselJ[v, x], 1 - (v^2 - 1/4) / x^2, x] // FullSimplify
Out[138]= 0

In[139]:= vθ[v_, x_] := 1 - (v^2 - 1/4) / x^2;

In[140]:= CheckSchrö[x^(3/2) / Sqrt[x^2 - v^2] DBesselJ[v, x],
1 - (v^2 - 1/4) / x^2 - (2 v^2 + x^2) / (x^2 - v^2)^2, x] // FullSimplify
Out[140]= 0

In[141]:= vφ[v_, x_] := 1 - (v^2 - 1/4) / x^2 - (2 v^2 + x^2) / (x^2 - v^2)^2;
```

§2.3. Proof of Theorem 1.4

■ Upper bound

```
In[142]:= Map[Collect[#, x] &, Simplify[\&V[\&θUp[v, x], x], x > v ≥ 0]]

Out[142]= 
$$\frac{4 x^6 - 12 x^4 v^2 + v^4 - 4 v^6 + 6 x^2 v^2 (-1 + 2 v^2)}{4 (x^3 - x v^2)^2}$$

```

```
In[143]:= 
vθUp[v_, x_] := 
$$\frac{4 x^6 - 12 x^4 v^2 + v^4 - 4 v^6 + 6 x^2 v^2 (-1 + 2 v^2)}{4 (x^3 - x v^2)^2};$$

```

■ Condition (C_2)

```
In[144]:= 
Simplify[vθ[v, x] - vθUp[v, x], x > v ≥ 0]
```

```
Out[144]= 
$$\frac{x^2 + 4 v^2}{4 (x^2 - v^2)^2}$$

```

■ Condition (C_3')

```
In[145]:= 
θUpasympt - θasymp // Simplify
```

```
Out[145]= 
$$\frac{1}{8 x} + O\left[\frac{1}{x}\right]^3$$

```

■ Lower bound

```
In[146]:= 
{q1, q2} = Simplify[v[θDown[v, x], x], x > v ≥ 0] // Together // NumeratorDenominator;
```

```
In[147]:= 
Collect[q1, x, Simplify] // TraditionalForm
```

```
Out[147]//TraditionalForm=

$$1024 v^{22} (4 v^2 - 1) + 4096 x^{24} + 2048 (1 - 24 v^2) x^{22} + 128 (2112 v^4 - 128 v^2 + 15) x^{20} + \\ 32 (-28160 v^6 + 1760 v^4 + 584 v^2 + 1) x^{18} + (2027520 v^8 - 107520 v^6 - 117376 v^4 + 704 v^2 + 1) x^{16} - \\ 16 v^2 (202752 v^8 - 7680 v^6 - 13088 v^4 + 223 v^2 - 1) x^{14} + 16 v^4 (236544 v^8 - 5376 v^6 - 5000 v^4 + 585 v^2 + 6) x^{12} - \\ 16 v^6 (202752 v^8 - 2688 v^6 + 11440 v^4 + 935 v^2 - 16) x^{10} + 16 v^8 (126720 v^8 - 1920 v^6 + 15272 v^4 + 823 v^2 + 16) x^8 - \\ 128 v^{12} (7040 v^6 - 240 v^4 + 808 v^2 + 43) x^6 + 256 v^{14} (1056 v^6 - 80 v^4 + 17 v^2 + 3) x^4 - 1024 v^{18} (48 v^4 - 7 v^2 - 5) x^2$$

```

```
In[148]:= 
vθDown[v_, x_] :=
(x^{16} + 32 x^{18} + 1920 x^{20} + 2048 x^{22} + 4096 x^{24} + 16 x^{14} v^2 + 704 x^{16} v^2 + 18688 x^{18} v^2 - 
16384 x^{20} v^2 - 49152 x^{22} v^2 + 96 x^{12} v^4 - 3568 x^{14} v^4 - 117376 x^{16} v^4 + 56320 x^{18} v^4 + 
270336 x^{20} v^4 + 256 x^{10} v^6 + 9360 x^{12} v^6 + 209408 x^{14} v^6 - 107520 x^{16} v^6 - 901120 x^{18} v^6 + 
256 x^8 v^8 - 14960 x^{10} v^8 - 80000 x^{12} v^8 + 122880 x^{14} v^8 + 2027520 x^{16} v^8 + 13168 x^8 v^{10} - 
183040 x^{10} v^{10} - 86016 x^{12} v^{10} - 3244032 x^{14} v^{10} - 5504 x^6 v^{12} + 244352 x^8 v^{12} + 
43008 x^{10} v^{12} + 3784704 x^{12} v^{12} + 768 x^4 v^{14} - 103424 x^6 v^{14} - 30720 x^8 v^{14} - 
3244032 x^{10} v^{14} + 4352 x^4 v^{16} + 30720 x^6 v^{16} + 2027520 x^8 v^{16} + 5120 x^2 v^{18} - 20480 x^4 v^{18} - 
901120 x^6 v^{18} + 7168 x^2 v^{20} + 270336 x^4 v^{20} - 1024 v^{22} - 49152 x^2 v^{22} + 4096 v^{24}) / 
(64 x^2 (x^2 - v^2)^5 (x^4 + 8 x^6 + 4 x^2 v^2 - 24 x^4 v^2 + 24 x^2 v^4 - 8 v^6)^2);
```

■ Condition (C_2)

```
In[149]:= 
Collect[FullSimplify[(64 x^5 (5 v^4 + 6 v^2 x + x^2 + 8 x^3)^2) 
(vθDown[v, Sqrt[v^2 + x]] - vθ[v, Sqrt[v^2 + x]])], x, Simplify] // TraditionalForm
```

```
Out[149]//TraditionalForm=

$$625 v^{14} + 2375 v^{12} \chi + 3525 v^{10} \chi^2 + (33984 v^2 + 16) \chi^8 + 5 (400 v^2 + 519) v^8 \chi^3 + (5200 v^2 + 1011) v^6 \chi^4 + 
(99008 v^4 + 784 v^2 + 1) \chi^7 + (70720 v^4 + 1696 v^2 + 23) v^2 \chi^6 + 3 (1376 v^2 + 71) v^4 \chi^5 + 1600 \chi^9$$

```

■ Condition (C_3')

```
In[150]:= θasympt - θDownasympt // Simplify
Out[150]= 
$$\frac{25}{384 x^3} + O\left[\frac{1}{x}\right]^5$$

```

§2.4 Proof of Lemma 1.8

```
In[151]:= DφUpN = Collect[Simplify[pv[v, Sqrt[v^2 + ε]], ε > 0], ε, Simplify]
DerφUpN = D[DφUpN, ε]
Dx0 = SolveValues[DerφUpN == 0 && ε > 0, ε, Assumptions → v ≥ 0] // Apart
Out[151]= 
$$-7 v^4 - 10 v^2 \xi - 3 \xi^2 + 8 \xi^3$$

Out[152]= 
$$-10 v^2 - 6 \xi + 24 \xi^2$$

Out[153]= 
$$\left\{ \frac{1}{8} + \frac{\sqrt{3 + 80 v^2}}{8 \sqrt{3}} \right\}$$

In[154]:= dnu = FullSimplify[((D[φUp[μ, x], μ] // Simplify)) /. x → κμ, κ > 1 && μ ≥ 0]
Out[154]= 
$$\frac{2 - 23 \kappa^2 + 24 (-1 + \kappa^2)^{5/2} \mu^2 \text{ArcSec}[\kappa]}{24 (-1 + \kappa^2)^{5/2} \mu^2}$$

In[155]:= μsn = Simplify[SolveValues[dnu == 0, μ, Assumptions → κ > 1][[1]], κ > 1]
Out[155]= 
$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{-2+23 \kappa^2}{\text{ArcSec}[\kappa]}}}{2 \sqrt{6} (-1 + \kappa^2)^{5/4}}$$

In[156]:= κeq = Simplify[pv[μ, κμ] /. μ → μsn, κ > 1]
Out[156]= 
$$\frac{(2 - 23 \kappa^2)^2 \left(-2 + 25 \kappa^2 - 23 \kappa^4 + 3 \kappa^2 \sqrt{-1 + \kappa^2} (4 + 3 \kappa^2) \text{ArcSec}[\kappa]\right)}{1728 (-1 + \kappa^2)^{11/2} \text{ArcSec}[\kappa]^3}$$

In[157]:= Simplify[SolveValues[(κeq /. ArcSec[κ] → A) == 0, A], κ > 1][[1]] - ArcSec[κ]
Out[157]= 
$$\frac{2 - 25 \kappa^2 + 23 \kappa^4}{3 \kappa^2 \sqrt{-1 + \kappa^2} (4 + 3 \kappa^2)} - \text{ArcSec}[\kappa]$$

```

```
In[158]:=  $K[\kappa_] := \frac{2 - 25 \kappa^2 + 23 \kappa^4}{3 \kappa^2 \sqrt{-1 + \kappa^2} (4 + 3 \kappa^2)} - \text{ArcSec}[\kappa];$ 
Simplify[K'[x], x > 1]

Out[159]=  $-\frac{16 (-1 + \kappa^2)^{3/2} (1 + 6 \kappa^2)}{3 \kappa^3 (4 + 3 \kappa^2)^2}$ 
```

§. Proof of Theorem 1.9

■ Lower bound

```
In[160]:=  $\nu\phi_{\text{Down}}[\nu_, x_] := \nu\theta_{\text{Up}}[\nu, x];$ 
Simplify[\nu\phi_{\text{Down}}[\nu, x] - \nu\phi[\nu, x], x > \nu \geq 0]

Out[161]=  $\frac{3 x^2 + 4 \nu^2}{4 (x^2 - \nu^2)^2}$ 
■ Condition ( $C_3'$ )
```

```
In[162]:=  $\phi_{\text{asympt}} - \phi_{\text{Downasympt}} // \text{Simplify}$ 
Out[162]=  $\frac{3}{8 x} + 0 \left[ \frac{1}{x} \right]^3$ 
```

■ Upper bound

```
In[163]:= {q3, q4} = Simplify[\nu[\phi_{\text{Up}}[\nu, x], x], x > \nu \geq 0] // Together // NumeratorDenominator
Out[163]=  $\left\{ 81 x^{16} - 864 x^{18} - 1152 x^{20} - 6144 x^{22} + 4096 x^{24} + 432 x^{14} \nu^2 + 1344 x^{16} \nu^2 - 24320 x^{18} \nu^2 + 40960 x^{20} \nu^2 - 49152 x^{22} \nu^2 + 864 x^{12} \nu^4 - 9200 x^{14} \nu^4 + 138624 x^{16} \nu^4 - 91136 x^{18} \nu^4 + 270336 x^{20} \nu^4 + 768 x^{10} \nu^6 + 26512 x^{12} \nu^6 - 261632 x^{14} \nu^6 - 9216 x^{16} \nu^6 - 901120 x^{18} \nu^6 + 256 x^8 \nu^8 - 25584 x^{10} \nu^8 + 165760 x^{12} \nu^8 + 466944 x^{14} \nu^8 + 2027520 x^{16} \nu^8 + 7664 x^8 \nu^{10} + 91392 x^{10} \nu^{10} - 1118208 x^{12} \nu^{10} - 3244032 x^{14} \nu^{10} - 640 x^6 \nu^{12} - 183680 x^8 \nu^{12} + 1419264 x^{10} \nu^{12} + 3784704 x^{12} \nu^{12} + 768 x^4 \nu^{14} + 80896 x^6 \nu^{14} - 1112064 x^8 \nu^{14} - 3244032 x^{10} \nu^{14} - 768 x^4 \nu^{16} + 546816 x^6 \nu^{16} + 2027520 x^8 \nu^{16} - 5120 x^2 \nu^{18} - 159744 x^4 \nu^{18} - 901120 x^6 \nu^{18} + 23552 x^2 \nu^{20} + 270336 x^4 \nu^{20} - 1024 \nu^{22} - 49152 x^2 \nu^{22} + 4096 \nu^{24}, 64 x^2 (x^2 - \nu^2)^5 (-3 x^4 + 8 x^6 - 4 x^2 \nu^2 - 24 x^4 \nu^2 + 24 x^2 \nu^4 - 8 \nu^6)^2 \right\}$ 
```

```
In[164]:= Collect[q3, x, Simplify] // TraditionalForm
Out[164]//TraditionalForm=

$$\begin{aligned} & 1024 \nu^{22} (4 \nu^2 - 1) + 4096 x^{24} - 6144 (8 \nu^2 + 1) x^{22} + 128 (2112 \nu^4 + 320 \nu^2 - 9) x^{20} - \\ & 32 (28160 \nu^6 + 2848 \nu^4 + 760 \nu^2 + 27) x^{18} + 3 (675840 \nu^8 - 3072 \nu^6 + 46208 \nu^4 + 448 \nu^2 + 27) x^{16} - \\ & 16 \nu^2 (202752 \nu^8 - 29184 \nu^6 + 16352 \nu^4 + 575 \nu^2 - 27) x^{14} + 16 \nu^4 (236544 \nu^8 - 69888 \nu^6 + 10360 \nu^4 + 1657 \nu^2 + 54) x^{12} - \\ & 48 \nu^6 (67584 \nu^8 - 29568 \nu^6 - 1904 \nu^4 + 533 \nu^2 - 16) x^{10} + 16 \nu^8 (126720 \nu^8 - 69504 \nu^6 - 11480 \nu^4 + 479 \nu^2 + 16) x^8 - \\ & 128 \nu^{12} (7040 \nu^6 - 4272 \nu^4 - 632 \nu^2 + 5) x^6 + 768 \nu^{14} (352 \nu^6 - 208 \nu^4 - \nu^2 + 1) x^4 - 1024 \nu^{18} (48 \nu^4 - 23 \nu^2 + 5) x^2 \end{aligned}$$

```

```
In[165]:= νϕUp[v_, x_] :=
(81 x^16 - 864 x^18 - 1152 x^20 - 6144 x^22 + 4096 x^24 + 432 x^14 ν^2 + 1344 x^16 ν^2 - 24320 x^18 ν^2 +
40960 x^20 ν^2 - 49152 x^22 ν^2 + 864 x^12 ν^4 - 9200 x^14 ν^4 + 138624 x^16 ν^4 - 91136 x^18 ν^4 +
270336 x^20 ν^4 + 768 x^10 ν^6 + 26512 x^12 ν^6 - 261632 x^14 ν^6 - 9216 x^16 ν^6 - 901120 x^18 ν^6 +
256 x^8 ν^8 - 25584 x^10 ν^8 + 165760 x^12 ν^8 + 466944 x^14 ν^8 + 2027520 x^16 ν^8 + 7664 x^8 ν^10 +
91392 x^10 ν^10 - 1118208 x^12 ν^10 - 3244032 x^14 ν^10 - 640 x^6 ν^12 - 183680 x^8 ν^12 +
1419264 x^10 ν^12 + 3784704 x^12 ν^12 + 768 x^4 ν^14 + 80896 x^6 ν^14 - 1112064 x^8 ν^14 -
3244032 x^10 ν^14 - 768 x^4 ν^16 + 546816 x^6 ν^16 + 2027520 x^8 ν^16 - 5120 x^2 ν^18 - 159744 x^4 ν^18 -
901120 x^6 ν^18 + 23552 x^2 ν^20 + 270336 x^4 ν^20 - 1024 ν^22 - 49152 x^2 ν^22 + 4096 ν^24) /
(64 x^2 (x^2 - ν^2)^5 (-3 x^4 + 8 x^6 - 4 x^2 ν^2 - 24 x^4 ν^2 + 24 x^2 ν^4 - 8 ν^6)^2);
```

■ Condition (C_2)

```
In[166]:= Simplify[4096 x^2 (x^2 - ν^2)^10 D[ϕUp[v, x], x]^2 (νϕ[v, x] - νϕUp[v, x]), x > v ≥ 0]
```

```
Out[166]=

$$\begin{aligned} & 4032 x^{18} + 4096 \nu^{18} + 1024 x^2 \nu^{14} (-1 + 17 \nu^2) - \\ & 3584 x^4 \nu^{12} (-1 + 41 \nu^2) + 16 x^{16} (27 + 1208 \nu^2) - 64 x^8 \nu^6 (12 - 337 \nu^2 + 2338 \nu^4) + \\ & 64 x^6 \nu^8 (-4 - 164 \nu^2 + 4543 \nu^4) - 16 x^{10} \nu^4 (54 + 1415 \nu^2 + 12796 \nu^4) + \\ & 16 x^{12} \nu^2 (-27 + 701 \nu^2 + 20272 \nu^4) - x^{14} (81 + 2640 \nu^2 + 158656 \nu^4) \end{aligned}$$

```

```
In[167]:= δνϕ[v_, x_] := 4032 x^{18} + 4096 \nu^{18} + 1024 x^2 \nu^{14} (-1 + 17 \nu^2) -
3584 x^4 \nu^{12} (-1 + 41 \nu^2) + 16 x^{16} (27 + 1208 \nu^2) - 64 x^8 \nu^6 (12 - 337 \nu^2 + 2338 \nu^4) +
64 x^6 \nu^8 (-4 - 164 \nu^2 + 4543 \nu^4) - 16 x^{10} \nu^4 (54 + 1415 \nu^2 + 12796 \nu^4) +
16 x^{12} \nu^2 (-27 + 701 \nu^2 + 20272 \nu^4) - x^{14} (81 + 2640 \nu^2 + 158656 \nu^4);
```

```
In[168]:= (δνϕ[0, x] x^(-14) // Simplify) /. x → Sqrt[3/8 + ξ] // Simplify
```

```
Out[168]=

$$72 (9 + 48 \xi + 56 \xi^2)$$

```

```
In[169]:= δνϕ1 = Collect[v^(-14) δνϕ[v, v + v ξ], v, Simplify]
```

```
Out[169]=

$$\begin{aligned} & -(1 + \xi)^6 (7 + 6 \xi + 3 \xi^2)^4 + 16 \xi^3 (1 + \xi)^2 (2 + \xi)^3 \\ & (343 + 1120 \xi + 1672 \xi^2 + 1304 \xi^3 + 998 \xi^4 + 1008 \xi^5 + 672 \xi^6 + 216 \xi^7 + 27 \xi^8) \nu^2 + \\ & 64 \xi^6 (2 + \xi)^6 (1463 + 4410 \xi + 5681 \xi^2 + 3980 \xi^3 + 1625 \xi^4 + 378 \xi^5 + 63 \xi^6) \nu^4 \end{aligned}$$

```

```
In[170]:= δineq1 = δνφ1 /. ν^2 → 0
Out[170]=

$$-(1 + \zeta)^6 (7 + 6 \zeta + 3 \zeta^2)^4 +$$


$$64 \zeta^6 (2 + \zeta)^6 (1463 + 4410 \zeta + 5681 \zeta^2 + 3980 \zeta^3 + 1625 \zeta^4 + 378 \zeta^5 + 63 \zeta^6) \nu^4$$


In[171]:= Collect[ν^-4 pν[ν, ν (ξ+1)] // Simplify, ν]
vineq = FullSimplify[Reduce[{ν^-4 pν[ν, ν (ξ+1)] ≥ 0, ξ > 0, ν > 0}, ν], ξ > 0]
Map[FullSimplify[#^4, ξ > 0] &, vineq]
Out[171]=

$$-4 (1 + \zeta)^2 - 3 (1 + \zeta)^4 + (-8 + 24 (1 + \zeta)^2 - 24 (1 + \zeta)^4 + 8 (1 + \zeta)^6) \nu^2$$


Out[172]=

$$\nu \geq \frac{(1 + \zeta) \sqrt{7 + 3 \zeta (2 + \zeta)}}{2 \sqrt{2} (\zeta (2 + \zeta))^{3/2}}$$


Out[173]=

$$\nu^4 \geq \frac{(1 + \zeta)^4 (7 + 3 \zeta (2 + \zeta))^2}{64 \zeta^6 (2 + \zeta)^6}$$


In[174]:= Collect[δineq1 /. ν → vineq[[2]], ξ, Simplify] // FullSimplify
Out[174]=

$$2 (1 + \zeta)^4 (7 + 3 \zeta (2 + \zeta))^2 (707 + \zeta (2 + \zeta) (1057 + \zeta (2 + \zeta) (409 + 27 \zeta (2 + \zeta))))$$

■ Condition  $\left(C_3'\right)$ 

In[175]:= φUpasympt - φasympt // Simplify
Out[175]=

$$\frac{21}{128 x^3} + 0\left[\frac{1}{x}\right]^4$$

```

§3. Derivatives of ultraspherical Bessel functions

§3.1. Setup III

■ Definitions

```
In[176]:= D[x^(-η) BesselJ[ν, x], x] // FullSimplify
Out[176]=

$$x^{-\eta} \left( BesselJ[-1 + \nu, x] - \frac{(\eta + \nu) BesselJ[\nu, x]}{x} \right)$$


In[177]:= UpPrime[ν_, η_, x_] := x^-η 
$$\left( BesselJ[-1 + \nu, x] - \frac{(\eta + \nu) BesselJ[\nu, x]}{x} \right)$$

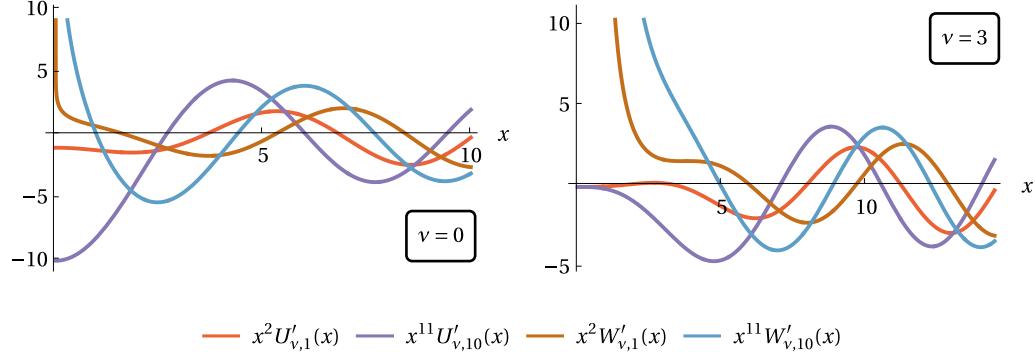
WPrime[ν_, η_, x_] := x^-η 
$$\left( BesselY[-1 + \nu, x] - \frac{(\eta + \nu) BesselY[\nu, x]}{x} \right)$$

```

■ Figure $U'_{\nu,\eta}(x)$ and $W'_{\nu,\eta}(x)$

```
In[179]:= xtib = {5, 10}; ytib = {-10, -5, 0, 5, 10};
figUprimeWprime =
GraphicsColumn[{GraphicsRow[Table[Plot[{x^2 Uprime[\nu, 1, x], x^11 Uprime[\nu, 10, x],
x^2 Wprime[\nu, 1, x], x^11 Wprime[\nu, 10, x]} // Evaluate,
{x, 0, 10 + \nu + \nu^(1/3)}, PlotStyle -> mycolors[[4;;7]], AxesLabel ->
{MaTeX["x"], None}, Ticks -> {PrTicks[xtib, xtib], PrTicks[ytib, ytib]}, Epilog -> {Inset[Framed[MaTeX["\nu=" <> ToString[\nu]], RoundingRadius -> 3], {Right, If[\nu == 0, Bottom, Top]}], Scaled[{1.5, If[\nu == 0, -0.25, 1.25]}]]}], {\nu, {0, 3}}]], LineLegend[mycolors[[4;;7]],
MaTeX[{"x^2 U'_{\nu,1}(x)", "x^{11} U'_{\nu,10}(x)",
"x^2 W'_{\nu,1}(x)", "x^{11} W'_{\nu,10}(x)"}], LegendLayout -> "Row"]}]
```

Out[180]=



```
In[181]:= Export[SaveDir <> "figUWprime.pdf", figUprimeWprime]
Out[181]= ./figUWprime.pdf
```

§3.2. Phase function of ultraspherical Bessel derivatives

■ Lemma 3.1

```
In[182]:= μ2[ν_, η_] := ν^2 - η^2;
νψ[ν_, η_, x_] :=
1 - (ν^2 - 1/4) / x^2 + 2 (1 - η) / (x^2 - μ2[ν, η]) - 3 x^2 / (x^2 - μ2[ν, η])^2;
```

```
In[184]:= CheckSchrö[x^(η + 3/2) / Sqrt[x^2 - μ2[ν, η]] Uprime[ν, η, x], νψ[ν, η, x], x] // FullSimplify
CheckSchrö[x^(η + 3/2) / Sqrt[x^2 - μ2[ν, η]] Wprime[ν, η, x], νψ[ν, η, x], x] // FullSimplify
Out[184]= 0
Out[185]= 0
In[186]:= Wronskian[{x^(η + 3/2) / Sqrt[x^2 - μ2[ν, η]] Uprime[ν, η, x],
x^(η + 3/2) / Sqrt[x^2 - μ2[ν, η]] Wprime[ν, η, x]}, x]
Out[186]= 2
—
π
In[187]:= D[ArcTan[Wprime[ν, η, x] / Uprime[ν, η, x]], x] - 2(x^2 - μ2[ν, η]) /
(Pi x^(2η + 3) (Uprime[ν, η, x]^2 + Wprime[ν, η, x]^2)) // FullSimplify
Out[187]= 0
■ Lemma 3.2
In[188]:= seriesLsquared = Collect[Asymptotic[
x^(2η) (Uprime[ν, η, x]^2 + Wprime[ν, η, x]^2), {x, Infinity, 5}] // Simplify, x]
Out[188]=

$$\frac{2}{\pi x} + \frac{3 + 8\eta + 8\eta^2 - 4\nu^2}{4\pi x^3} + \frac{(45 + 48\eta + 16\eta^2 - 4\nu^2)(-1 + 4\nu^2)}{64\pi x^5}$$

In[189]:= ser = Series[2/Pi (x^2 - ν^2 + η^2) / x^3 / seriesLsquared, {x, Infinity, 4}] // Normal;
seras = Collect[Integrate[ser, x] + C, x,
Collect[Numerator[#], {ν, η}, Simplify] / Denominator[#] &]
Out[189]=

$$C + x + \frac{3 + 8\eta + 4\nu^2}{8x} + \frac{-63 - 144\eta - 192\eta^2 - 128\eta^3 + (184 + 192\eta)\nu^2 + 16\nu^4}{384x^3}$$

In[191]:= x^(-η) Asymptotic[Sqrt[seriesLsquared] Cos[seras], {x, Infinity, 1}]
Asymptotic[Uprime[ν, η, x], {x, Infinity, 1}]
Out[191]=

$$\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} x^{-\frac{1}{2}-\eta} \cos \left[ C + x + \frac{3 + 8\eta + 4\nu^2}{8x} \right]$$

Out[192]=

$$\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} x^{-\frac{1}{2}-\eta} \cos \left[ x - \frac{1}{4}\pi(-1 + 2\nu) \right] + \frac{x^{-\frac{3}{2}-\eta}(1 - 4(-1 + \nu)^2) \sin \left[ x - \frac{1}{4}\pi(-1 + 2\nu) \right]}{4\sqrt{2\pi}}$$

```

```
In[193]:=  $\psi_{\text{asympt}} = \text{seras} /. C \rightarrow -\frac{1}{4} \pi (-1 + 2 \nu)$ 
```

```
Out[193]=  $x - \frac{1}{4} \pi (-1 + 2 \nu) + \frac{3 + 8 \eta + 4 \nu^2}{8 x} + \frac{-63 - 144 \eta - 192 \eta^2 - 128 \eta^3 + (184 + 192 \eta) \nu^2 + 16 \nu^4}{384 x^3}$ 
```

§3.3. Definitions and properties of the auxiliary functions III

§3.4. Main results III: bounding the phase and zeros of derivatives of ultraspherical Bessel functions

- $\psi_{v,\eta}(x)$ and its derivative

```
In[194]:=  $\psi_{\text{Down}}[\nu_, \eta_, x_] := \text{Sqrt}[x^2 - \mu^2] + \eta / \text{Sqrt}[x^2 - \mu^2] + \text{Pi} / 4 (\eta^2 / \mu + 2 (\mu - \nu) + 1) - (\mu + \eta^2 / (2 \mu)) \text{ArcCos}[\mu / x];$   

 $\text{Collect}[\text{Limit}[\psi_{\text{Down}}[\nu, \eta, x] /. \mu \rightarrow \text{Sqrt}[\mu^2[\nu, \eta]]], \eta \rightarrow \nu, \text{Direction} \rightarrow \text{"FromBelow"}, \text{Assumptions} \rightarrow x > 0], x]$   

 $\psi_{\text{Down1}}[\nu_, \eta_, x_] := \text{If}[\nu > \eta, \text{Sqrt}[x^2 - \nu^2 + \eta^2] + \eta / \text{Sqrt}[x^2 - \nu^2 + \eta^2] + \text{Pi} / 4 (\eta^2 / \text{Sqrt}[\nu^2 - \eta^2] + 2 (\text{Sqrt}[\nu^2 - \eta^2] - \nu) + 1) - (\text{Sqrt}[\nu^2 - \eta^2] + \eta^2 / (2 \text{Sqrt}[\nu^2 - \eta^2])) \text{ArcCos}[\text{Sqrt}[\nu^2 - \eta^2] / x],$   

 $x + \frac{\nu (2 + \nu)}{2 x} + \frac{1}{4} (\pi - 2 \pi \nu)$   

 $];$ 
```

```
Out[195]=  $x + \frac{\nu (2 + \nu)}{2 x} + \frac{1}{4} (\pi - 2 \pi \nu)$ 
```

```
In[197]:=  $D\psi_{\text{Down}} = \text{FullSimplify}[D[\psi_{\text{Down}}[\nu, \eta, x], x] // \text{Together}, x > \mu > 0]$   

Out[197]=  $\frac{2 x^4 + \mu^2 (\eta^2 + 2 \mu^2) - x^2 (\eta (2 + \eta) + 4 \mu^2)}{2 x ((x - \mu) (x + \mu))^{3/2}}$ 
```

- $x_{\mu,\eta}^\#$

```
In[198]:=  $\text{FullSimplify}[\text{SolveValues}[\text{Numerator}[D\psi_{\text{Down}}] == 0, x][[4]], \eta > 0]$ 
```

```
Out[198]=  $\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\eta (2 + \eta) + 4 \mu^2 + \sqrt{\eta (\eta (2 + \eta)^2 + 16 \mu^2)}}$ 
```

```
In[199]:=  $x_{\text{hash}}[\nu_, \eta_] := \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\eta (2 + \eta) + 4 \mu^2 [\nu, \eta] + \sqrt{\eta (\eta (2 + \eta)^2 + 16 \mu^2 [\nu, \eta])}}$   

 $x_{\text{hash}\mu}[\mu_, \eta_] := \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\eta (2 + \eta) + 4 \mu^2 + \sqrt{\eta (\eta (2 + \eta)^2 + 16 \mu^2)}}$ 
```

- $\mathcal{V}_{\psi_{v,\eta}}$

```
In[201]:= 
VψDown = V[ψDown[v, η, x], x];
{q5, q6} = Simplify[VψDown // Together // NumeratorDenominator, x > μ > 0];
(* q5=Collect[q5, x, Collect[#,η,Collect[#,μ,Simplify]&]&] *)
q5 = Collect[q5, {x}, Simplify];
q6 = FullSimplify[Expand[q6], x > 0];
q5 // TraditionalForm
q6 // TraditionalForm

Out[205]//TraditionalForm=

$$\begin{aligned} &\mu^8 (\eta^2 + 2\mu^2)^2 (\eta^4 + 4\eta^2\mu^2 + 4\mu^4 - \mu^2) + 16x^{16} - 32x^{14}(\eta^2 + 2\eta + 4\mu^2) + \\ &8x^{12}(3\eta^4 + 12\eta^3 + \eta^2(28\mu^2 + 9) + 6\eta(8\mu^2 - 1) + \mu^2(56\mu^2 - 3)) - \\ &4x^{10}(2\eta^6 + 12\eta^5 + 12\eta^4(3\mu^2 + 2) + 8\eta^3(15\mu^2 + 2) + 14\eta^2\mu^2(12\mu^2 + 5) + 12\eta\mu^2(20\mu^2 - 1) + \mu^4(224\mu^2 - 31)) + \\ &x^8(\eta^8 + 8\eta^7 + 8\eta^6(5\mu^2 + 3) + 32\eta^5(6\mu^2 + 1) + 2\eta^4(180\mu^4 + 145\mu^2 + 8) + \\ &48\eta^3\mu^2(20\mu^2 + 3) + 4\eta^2\mu^2(280\mu^4 + 99\mu^2 + 6) + 8\eta\mu^4(160\mu^2 + 13) + 20\mu^6(56\mu^2 - 13)) - \\ &\mu^2x^6(4\eta^8 + 24\eta^7 + 16\eta^6(5\mu^2 + 3) + 32\eta^5(9\mu^2 + 1) + \eta^4\mu^2(480\mu^2 + 293) + \eta^3(960\mu^4 + 76\mu^2) + \\ &4\eta^2\mu^2(280\mu^4 + 56\mu^2 + 9) + 120\eta(8\mu^6 + \mu^4) + 56\mu^6(16\mu^2 - 5)) + \\ &\mu^4x^4(6\eta^8 + 24\eta^7 + 8\eta^6(10\mu^2 + 3) + 192\eta^5\mu^2 + 9\eta^4\mu^2(40\mu^2 + 11) + 24\eta^3\mu^2(20\mu^2 - 1) + \\ &4\eta^2\mu^2(168\mu^4 + 4\mu^2 + 3) + 24\eta\mu^4(16\mu^2 - 1) + 32\mu^6(14\mu^2 - 5)) - \mu^6x^2(4\eta^8 + 8\eta^7 + 40\eta^6\mu^2 + \\ &48\eta^5\mu^2 + \eta^4\mu^2(144\mu^2 - 1) + 4\eta^3\mu^2(24\mu^2 - 5) + 8\eta^2\mu^4(28\mu^2 - 3) + 8\eta\mu^4(8\mu^2 - 5) + 4\mu^6(32\mu^2 - 11)) \end{aligned}$$


Out[206]//TraditionalForm=

$$4(x - \mu)^3(\mu + x)^3(2x^5 - x^3(\eta(\eta + 2) + 4\mu^2) + \mu^2x(\eta^2 + 2\mu^2))^2$$


In[207]:= 
Vψ[Sqrt[μ^2 + η^2], η, x]

Out[207]=

$$1 - \frac{3x^2}{(x^2 - \mu^2)^2} + \frac{2(1 - \eta)}{x^2 - \mu^2} - \frac{-\frac{1}{4} + \eta^2 + \mu^2}{x^2}$$


■  $r_{\mu,\eta}$ 

In[208]:= 
rμη = Collect[
Together[Simplify[16x^4(x^2 - μ^2)^6 DψDown^2 (VψDown - Vψ[Sqrt[μ^2 + η^2], η, x]),
x > μ > 0]], {x, μ}, Simplify]

Out[208]=

$$\begin{aligned} &12x^{14} + \eta^8\mu^8 + 4\eta^6\mu^{10} + 4\eta^4\mu^{12} + x^{12}(4\eta(-18 - 5\eta + 4\eta^2 + \eta^3) - 44\mu^2) + \\ &x^{10}(-\eta^2(2 + \eta)^2(-3 + 8\eta + 4\eta^2) + 8\eta(5 + 6\eta - 10\eta^2 - 3\eta^3)\mu^2 + 40\mu^4) + \\ &x^8(\eta^4(2 + \eta)^4 + \eta^2(52 + 96\eta + 147\eta^2 + 96\eta^3 + 20\eta^4)\mu^2 + 4\eta(70 + 2\eta + 40\eta^2 + 15\eta^3)\mu^4 + 40\mu^6) + \\ &x^6(-4\eta^5(2 + \eta)^3\mu^2 - \eta^2(80 + 116\eta + 171\eta^2 + 144\eta^3 + 40\eta^4)\mu^4 - \\ &8\eta(45 + 14\eta + 20\eta^2 + 10\eta^3)\mu^6 - 100\mu^8) + x^4(6\eta^6(2 + \eta)^2\mu^4 + \\ &\eta^2(16 + 24\eta + 81\eta^2 + 96\eta^3 + 40\eta^4)\mu^6 + 4\eta(20 + 27\eta + 20\eta^2 + 15\eta^3)\mu^8 + 68\mu^{10}) + \\ &x^2(-4\eta^7(2 + \eta)\mu^6 - 4\eta^3(-4 + 3\eta + 6\eta^2 + 5\eta^3)\mu^8 - 8\eta(-4 + 4\eta + 2\eta^2 + 3\eta^3)\mu^{10} - 16\mu^{12}) \end{aligned}$$


```

In[209]:=

 $r\mu\eta // \text{TraditionalForm}$

Out[209]//TraditionalForm=

$$\begin{aligned} & \eta^8 \mu^8 + 4 \eta^6 \mu^{10} + 4 \eta^4 \mu^{12} + 12 x^{14} + x^{12} (4 \eta (\eta^3 + 4 \eta^2 - 5 \eta - 18) - 44 \mu^2) + \\ & x^{10} (-\eta^2 (\eta + 2)^2 (4 \eta^2 + 8 \eta - 3) + 8 \eta (-3 \eta^3 - 10 \eta^2 + 6 \eta + 5) \mu^2 + 40 \mu^4) + \\ & x^8 (\eta^4 (\eta + 2)^4 + 4 \eta (15 \eta^3 + 40 \eta^2 + 2 \eta + 70) \mu^4 + \eta^2 (20 \eta^4 + 96 \eta^3 + 147 \eta^2 + 96 \eta + 52) \mu^2 + 40 \mu^6) + \\ & x^6 (-4 \eta^5 (\eta + 2)^3 \mu^2 - 8 \eta (10 \eta^3 + 20 \eta^2 + 14 \eta + 45) \mu^6 - \eta^2 (40 \eta^4 + 144 \eta^3 + 171 \eta^2 + 116 \eta + 80) \mu^4 - 100 \mu^8) + \\ & x^4 (6 \eta^6 (\eta + 2)^2 \mu^4 + 4 \eta (15 \eta^3 + 20 \eta^2 + 27 \eta + 20) \mu^8 + \eta^2 (40 \eta^4 + 96 \eta^3 + 81 \eta^2 + 24 \eta + 16) \mu^6 + 68 \mu^{10}) + \\ & x^2 (-4 \eta^7 (\eta + 2) \mu^6 - 8 \eta (3 \eta^3 + 2 \eta^2 + 4 \eta - 4) \mu^{10} - 4 \eta^3 (5 \eta^3 + 6 \eta^2 + 3 \eta - 4) \mu^8 - 16 \mu^{12}) \end{aligned}$$

In[210]:=

 $r\mu\eta /. \mu \rightarrow 0 // \text{Simplify}$

Out[210]=

$$x^8 (12 x^6 + \eta^4 (2 + \eta)^4 - x^2 \eta^2 (2 + \eta)^2 (-3 + 8 \eta + 4 \eta^2) + 4 x^4 \eta (-18 - 5 \eta + 4 \eta^2 + \eta^3))$$

■ x^8

In[211]:=

 $\text{xamp}[\nu, \eta] :=$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{NSolveValues}[(12 x^{14} - 72 x^{12} \eta + 12 x^{10} \eta^2 - 20 x^{12} \eta^2 - 20 x^{10} \eta^3 + 16 x^{12} \eta^3 + 16 x^8 \eta^4 - 45 x^{10} \eta^4 + \\ & 4 x^{12} \eta^4 + 32 x^8 \eta^5 - 24 x^{10} \eta^5 + 24 x^8 \eta^6 - 4 x^{10} \eta^6 + 8 x^8 \eta^7 + x^8 \eta^8 - 44 x^{12} \mu^2 + 40 x^{10} \eta \mu^2 + \\ & 52 x^8 \eta^2 \mu^2 + 48 x^{10} \eta^2 \mu^2 + 96 x^8 \eta^3 \mu^2 - 80 x^{10} \eta^3 \mu^2 + 147 x^8 \eta^4 \mu^2 - 24 x^{10} \eta^4 \mu^2 - \\ & 32 x^6 \eta^5 \mu^2 + 96 x^8 \eta^5 \mu^2 - 48 x^6 \eta^6 \mu^2 + 20 x^8 \eta^6 \mu^2 - 24 x^6 \eta^7 \mu^2 - 4 x^6 \eta^8 \mu^2 + 40 x^{10} \mu^4 + \\ & 280 x^8 \eta \mu^4 - 80 x^6 \eta^2 \mu^4 + 8 x^8 \eta^2 \mu^4 - 116 x^6 \eta^3 \mu^4 + 160 x^8 \eta^3 \mu^4 - 171 x^6 \eta^4 \mu^4 + \\ & 60 x^8 \eta^4 \mu^4 - 144 x^6 \eta^5 \mu^4 + 24 x^4 \eta^6 \mu^4 - 40 x^6 \eta^6 \mu^4 + 24 x^4 \eta^7 \mu^4 + 6 x^4 \eta^8 \mu^4 + 40 x^8 \mu^6 - \\ & 360 x^6 \eta \mu^6 + 16 x^4 \eta^2 \mu^6 - 112 x^6 \eta^2 \mu^6 + 24 x^4 \eta^3 \mu^6 - 160 x^6 \eta^3 \mu^6 + 81 x^4 \eta^4 \mu^6 - \\ & 80 x^6 \eta^4 \mu^6 + 96 x^4 \eta^5 \mu^6 + 40 x^4 \eta^6 \mu^6 - 8 x^2 \eta^7 \mu^6 - 4 x^2 \eta^8 \mu^6 - 100 x^6 \mu^8 + 80 x^4 \eta \mu^8 + \\ & 108 x^4 \eta^2 \mu^8 + 16 x^2 \eta^3 \mu^8 + 80 x^4 \eta^3 \mu^8 - 12 x^2 \eta^4 \mu^8 + 60 x^4 \eta^4 \mu^8 - 24 x^2 \eta^5 \mu^8 - \\ & 20 x^2 \eta^6 \mu^8 + \eta^8 \mu^8 + 68 x^4 \mu^{10} + 32 x^2 \eta \mu^{10} - 32 x^2 \eta^2 \mu^{10} - 16 x^2 \eta^3 \mu^{10} - 24 x^2 \eta^4 \mu^{10} + \\ & 4 \eta^6 \mu^{10} - 16 x^2 \mu^{12} + 4 \eta^4 \mu^{12} /. \mu \rightarrow \text{Sqrt}[\mu^2[\nu, \eta]] == 0, x, \text{Reals}] // \text{Max} \end{aligned}$$

 $\text{zamp}[\nu, \eta] := \psi\text{Down1}[\nu, \eta, \text{xamp}[\nu, \eta]];$

■ Lemma 3.4

In[213]:=

 $\text{FullSimplify}[((r\mu\eta /. \{x \rightarrow \text{xhash}\mu[\mu, \eta]\})))] /. \sqrt{\eta (2 + \eta)^2 + 16 \mu^2} \rightarrow \rho$

Out[213]=

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{3}{16} \eta^2 (\eta (2 + \eta)^2 + 16 \mu^2) \\ & (10 \eta^8 + \eta^9 + 16 \mu^6 \rho + \eta^7 (40 + 4 \mu^2 + \rho) + 4 \eta^6 (20 + 13 \mu^2 + 2 \rho) + 32 \eta (7 \mu^6 + 3 \mu^4 \rho) + \\ & 4 \eta^5 (20 + \mu^4 + 6 \rho + \mu^2 (54 + \rho)) + 4 \eta^3 (4 \rho + \mu^4 (96 + \rho) + 8 \mu^2 (7 + 3 \rho)) + \\ & 16 \eta^2 (3 \mu^6 + 5 \mu^2 \rho + \mu^4 (28 + 3 \rho)) + 4 \eta^4 (22 \mu^4 + 8 (1 + \rho) + \mu^2 (92 + 9 \rho))) \end{aligned}$$

■ Asymptotics of $\psi_{\nu, \eta}(x)$

In[214]:=

 $\psi\text{Downasympt} = \text{Series}[\psi\text{Down}[\nu, \eta, x], \{x, \text{Infinity}, 3\}] /. \mu \rightarrow \text{Sqrt}[\nu^2 - \eta^2] // \text{Simplify}$

Out[214]=

$$x - \frac{1}{4} \pi (-1 + 2 \nu) + \frac{\eta + \frac{\nu^2}{2}}{x} + \frac{-12 \eta^3 - \eta^4 + 12 \eta \nu^2 + \nu^4}{24 x^3} + O\left[\frac{1}{x}\right]^4$$

■ Condition (C_3')

```
In[215]:=  $\psi_{\text{asymp}} - \psi_{\text{Downasymp}} / . \mu \rightarrow \text{Sqrt}[\mu_2[\nu, \eta]] // \text{Simplify}$ 
Out[215]= 
$$\frac{3}{8x} + \frac{-63 - 144\eta - 192\eta^2 + 64\eta^3 + 16\eta^4 + 184\nu^2}{384x^3} + O\left[\frac{1}{x}\right]^4$$

```

■ Computing $\psi_{\nu,\eta}(x)$ following the ideas from [Ho17]. **NB: may not always work for some values of the parameters beyond those in the paper**

```
In[216]:=  $\psi[\nu_, \eta_, x_] := \text{Module}[\{\text{aaa}\}, \text{aaa} = \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{(\eta + \nu) \text{BesselJ}[\nu, x]}{x}, \frac{(\eta + \nu) \text{BesselY}[-1 + \nu, x]}{x}\right]; \text{aaa} - 2\pi \text{Round}\left[\frac{1}{2\pi} \left(\text{aaa} - \text{If}[x \geq \text{xhash}[\nu, \eta], \text{Max}[\psi_{\text{Down1}}[\nu, \eta, x], 0], \frac{\pi}{2}]\right)\right]$ 
];
```

■ Inverse function of the bound

```
In[217]:=  $\psi_{\text{DownInv}}[\nu_, \eta_, y_, \text{prec\_MachinePrecision}] :=$ 
 $\text{If}[y > \text{zamp}[\nu, \eta], \text{SolveValues}[\psi_{\text{Down1}}[\nu, \eta, x] = y \&& x > \text{xamp}[\nu, \eta],$ 
 $x, \text{WorkingPrecision} \rightarrow \text{prec}] \text{If}[1], \text{Null}];$ 
```

■ Figure $\psi_{\nu,\eta}(x)$ bounds

```
In[218]:=  $\nu s3 = \{5, 5, 50, 200\};$ 
 $\eta s3 = \{1, 5, 25, 80\};$ 
 $xmaxs3 = \{11, 11, 61, 217\};$ 
 $xamp3 = \text{Table}[\text{xamp}[\nu s3[j], \eta s3[j]], \{j, 1, 4\}]$ 
 $zamp3 = \text{Table}[\text{zamp}[\nu s3[j], \eta s3[j]], \{j, 1, 4\}]$ 
 $\mu s3 = \text{Sqrt}[\mu_2[\nu s3, \eta s3]] // N$ 
 $wp = 8;$ 
```

```
Out[221]= {6.62291, 5.40062, 50.4812, 196.731}
```

```
Out[222]= {1.77658, 1.5724, 1.23801, -0.0685952}
```

```
Out[223]= {4.89898, 0., 43.3013, 183.303}
```

```
In[225]:=  $y \text{ticks} = \{yt = \{0.5, 1, 1.5\}, \text{MaTeX}[yt, \text{Magnification} \rightarrow 0.8],$ 
 $\text{Table}[1, 3], \text{Table}[\text{Directive}[\text{Thin}, \text{Dashed}], 3]\} // \text{Transpose};$ 
 $xt = \{\{6, 10\}, \{4, 8\}, \{48, 56\}, \{190, 210\}\};$ 
 $xticks = \text{Table}[\{xt[j], \text{MaTeX}[xt[j], \text{Magnification} \rightarrow 0.8]\} // \text{Transpose}, \{j, 1, 4\}];$ 
 $\text{Do}[\text{PrependTo}[xticks[j],$ 
 $\{xamp3[j], \text{MaTeX}["x^@\{\backslash\backslash\nu, \backslash\backslash\eta\}", \text{Magnification} \rightarrow 0.8], 0\}], \{j, 1, 4\}]$ 
```

```
In[229]:= upzeros =
  Table[NsolveValues[{BesselJ[-1 + vs3[j], x] - ((ηs3[j] + vs3[j]) BesselJ[vs3[j], x])/x == 0,
    μs3[j] < x < xmaxs3[j]}, x, WorkingPrecision -> wp], {j, 1, 4}];

PrependTo[upzeros[[2]], μs3[2]];

upzeros
wpzeros =
  Table[NsolveValues[{BesselY[-1 + vs3[j], x] - ((ηs3[j] + vs3[j]) BesselY[vs3[j], x])/x == 0,
    μs3[j] < x < xmaxs3[j]}, x, WorkingPrecision -> wp], {j, 1, 4}]

upzerosup = Table[ψDownInv[vs3[j], ηs3[j], Pi/2 + Pi k], {j, 1, 4}, {k, 0, 1}]
wpzerosup = Table[ψDownInv[vs3[j], ηs3[j], Pi], {j, 1, 4}]

Out[231]= {{5.9623511, 10.396398}, {0., 9.9361095},
{44.120394, 58.806983}, {184.41322, 213.18625}]

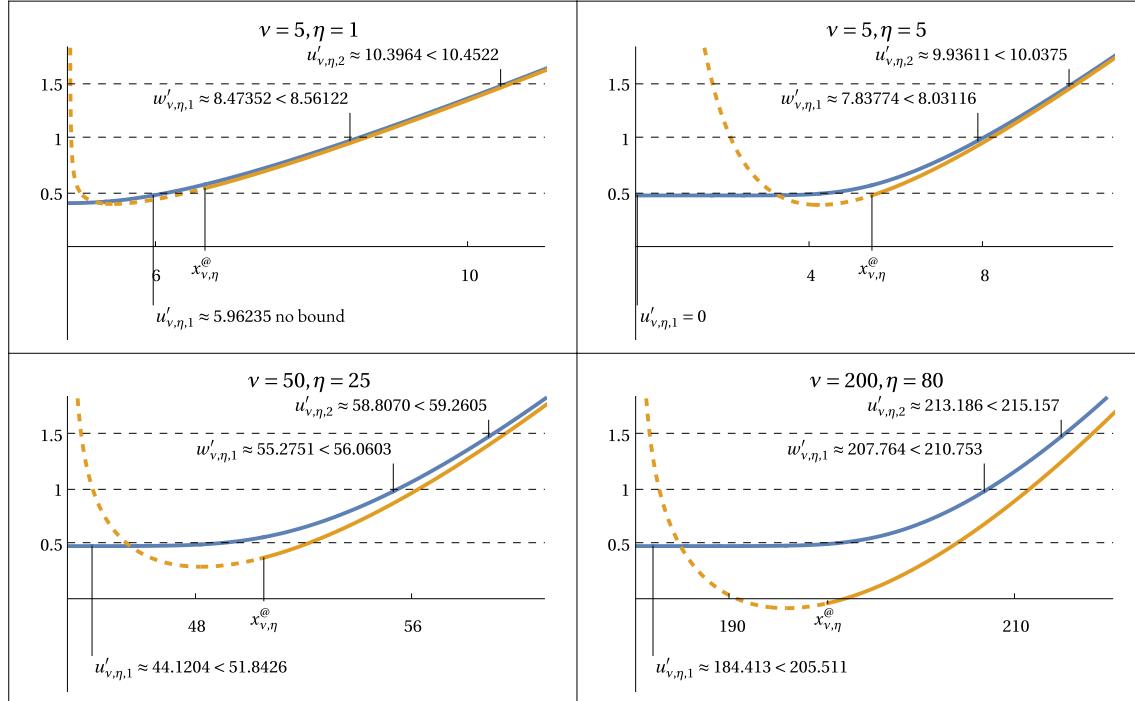
Out[232]= {{8.4735224}, {7.8377378}, {55.275126}, {207.76371}]

Out[233]= {{Null, 10.4522}, {Null, 10.0375}, {51.8426, 59.2605}, {205.511, 215.157}]

Out[234]= {8.56122, 8.03116, 56.0603, 210.753}
```

```
In[235]:= figcomparisonUp = GraphicsGrid[ArrayReshape[Table[
  Show[
    Plot[1/Pi {ψ[νs3[[j]], ηs3[[j]], x], ψDown1[νs3[[j]], ηs3[[j]], x]} // Evaluate,
      {x, xamp3[[j]], xmaxs3[[j]]}, PlotLabel → MaTeX["\\nu=" <> ToString[νs3[[j]]] <>
        ", \\eta=" <> ToString[ηs3[[j]]]], Epilog → {Black, Thin,
        Line[{{upzeros[[j]][2]}, 1.5}, {upzeros[[j]][2]}, 1.65]}],
    Line[{{wpzeros[[j]][1]}, 1.0}, {wpzeros[[j]][1]}, 1.25]}],
    Line[{{upzeros[[j]][1]}, 0.5}, {upzeros[[j]][1]}, -0.5}],
    Line[{{xamp3[[j]], 0}, {xamp3[[j]], zamp3[[j]] / Pi}}],
    Inset[MaTeX["u'_{\\nu,\\eta,2}\\approx" <> ToString[DecimalForm[
      upzeros[[j]][2], 6]] <> "<" <> ToString[DecimalForm[upzerosup[[j]][2], 6]],
      Magnification → 0.8], {upzeros[[j]][2], 1.65}, Scaled[{1, 0}]],
    Inset[MaTeX["w'_{\\nu,\\eta,1}\\approx" <> ToString[DecimalForm[
      wpzeros[[j]][1], 6]] <> "<" <> ToString[DecimalForm[wpzerosup[[j]], 6]],
      Magnification → 0.8], {wpzeros[[j]][1], 1.25}, Scaled[{1, 0}]],
    Inset[If[j ≠ 2,
      MaTeX["u'_{\\nu,\\eta,1}\\approx" <>
        ToString[DecimalForm[upzeros[[j]][1], 6]] <> If[j < 3,
          "\\text{ no bound}",
          "<" <> ToString[DecimalForm[upzerosup[[j]][1], 6]]],
        Magnification → 0.8],
      MaTeX["u'_{\\nu,\\eta,1}=0", Magnification → 0.8]
    ], {upzeros[[j]][1], -0.5}, Scaled[{0, 1}]]
  },
  PlotRange → {{μs3[[j]], xmaxs3[[j]]}, {-0.85, 1.85}}, Ticks → {xticks[[j]], yticks}},
  Plot[1/Pi {ψ[νs3[[j]], ηs3[[j]], x], ψDown1[νs3[[j]], ηs3[[j]], x]} // Evaluate,
    {x, μs3[[j]], xamp3[[j]]}, PlotStyle → {Automatic, Dashed},
    PlotRange → {Automatic, {-0.7, 1.85}}]
], {j, 1, 4}], {2, 2}], Frame → All]
```

Out[235]=



In[236]:=

Export[SaveDir <> "figcomparisonUp.pdf", figcomparisonUp]

Out[236]=

./figcomparisonUp.pdf

§4. Benchmarking and conclusions

■ Series coefficients

In[237]:=

```

A1[v_, β_] := β; (* A_v^(1) (β) *)
A2[v_, β_] := β - (4 v^2 - 1) / (8 β); (* A_v^(2) (β) *)
A3[v_, β_] := β - (4 v^2 - 1) / (8 β) - 4 (4 v^2 - 1) (28 v^2 - 31) / (3 (8 β)^3);
(* A_v^(3) (β) *)
β[v_, k_] := Pi (v / 2 + k - 1 / 4); (* β_{v,k} *)
(* A4[v_, β_] := β - (4 v^2 - 1) / (8 β) - 4 (4 v^2 - 1) (28 v^2 - 31) / (3 (8 β)^3) -
32 (4 v^2 - 1) (1328 v^4 43928 v^2 + 3779) / (15 (8 β)^5); *)

```

In[241]:=

Series[A1[v, β[v, k]] + A2[v, β[v, k]] + A3[v, β[v, k]], {k, Infinity, 4}]

Out[241]=

$$\begin{aligned}
& 3 \pi k + \frac{3}{4} \pi (-1 + 2 v) - \frac{-1 + 4 v^2}{4 \pi k} + \frac{(-1 + 2 v)^2 (1 + 2 v)}{16 \pi k^2} + \frac{\frac{(-1+2 v)^3 (1+2 v)}{64 \pi} - \frac{(-1+4 v^2) (-31+28 v^2)}{384 \pi^3}}{k^3} + \\
& \frac{(-1 + 2 v)^2 (1 + 2 v) (-31 + 2 \pi^2 - 8 \pi^2 v + 28 v^2 + 8 \pi^2 v^2)}{512 \pi^3 k^4} + O\left[\frac{1}{k}\right]^5
\end{aligned}$$

■ Previous bounds

■ $\tilde{q}_{v,k}$

```
In[242]:= QWUp[v_, k_, prec_:MachinePrecision]:=Module[{az=AiryAiZero[k]},  
If[v>0, N[v-az (v/2)^(1/3)+3/20 az^2 (2/v)^(1/3), wp], None]];
```

■ $\tilde{q}_{v,k}$

```
In[243]:= QWDown[v_, k_, prec_:MachinePrecision]:=Module[{az=AiryAiZero[k]},  
If[v>0, N[v-az (v/2)^(1/3), wp], None]];
```

■ $\tilde{\ell}_{v,k}$

```
In[244]:= ELUp[v_, k_]:=If[v<=1/2,  
A2[v, β[v, k]],  
A3[v, β[v, k]]  
];
```

■ $\ell_{v,k}$

```
In[245]:= ELDown[v_, k_]:=Which[v<=1/2, A3[v, β[v, k]],  
v<Sqrt[31/28], A2[v, β[v, k]],  
True, None]
```

■ $\tilde{\ell}_{v,k}$

```
In[246]:= ELprimeUp[v_, k_, prec_:MachinePrecision]:=  
Module[{az=AiryAiZero[k], az1=If[k==1, 0, AiryAiZero[k-1]], apz, z},  
apz=Abs[z/.FindRoot[AiryAiPrime[z], {z, az, az1}, WorkingPrecision→wp]];  
N[apz (8 apz^(3/2) + v/2)^(1/3) + v + 9 apz^2 / (10 * 2^(2/3) (16 apz^(3/2) + 27 v)^(1/3)), wp]];
```

Appendix B

§B.1. Bounds for zeros of Bessel functions

■ Parameters

```
In[247]:= vsB1 = {0, 1/2, 1, 5, 10, 50, 100, 1000, 10000, 100000, 500000};  
ksB1 = {1, 2, 5, 10, 50, 100, 1000, 10000, 100000, 500000};  
wp = 16;
```

■ Pretty L^AT_EX formatting

```
In[250]:= MyMax[args_]:=Select[args, NumberQ] // Max;  
MyMin[args_]:=Select[args, NumberQ] // Min;
```

```
In[252]:= MyDecForm[x_, l_] :=
  Module[{lint}, If[NumberQ[x], lint = StringLength[ToString[Floor[x]]];
  ToString[DecimalForm[x, {l, l - lint}]], " "]];
```

```
In[253]:= endst = "\\\n";
endeverystr = "\\\\nopagebreak\n";
```

```
In[255]:= MakeLineJ[k_, bd_, l_, Myf_, showdiff_: False, dl_: 1] :=
  Module[{str, minmax, b, stradd},
  str = " & " <> ToString[k];
  minmax = Myf[bd];
  Do[
  stradd = If[TrueQ[b == minmax],
  " & {\color{red}" <> MyDecForm[b, l] <> "}",
  " & " <> MyDecForm[b, l]];
  str = str <> stradd, {b, bd}];
  If[showdiff,
  If[bd[[1]] != minmax,
  str = str <> " & " <> ToString[TeXForm[ScientificForm[bd[[1]] / minmax - 1,
  dl, NumberPoint -> If[dl == 1, "", "."]]]], str = str <> " & "]
  ];
  str
  ];
  ];
```

- Table 1 (remove semicolon to get L^AT_EX code)

```
In[256]:= StringJoin[Table[StringJoin["\\multirow{" <> ToString[Length[ksB1]] <> "} {*} {$",
  ToString[TeXForm[v]],
  "$}"],
  Table[StringJoin[MakeLineJ[k, {θDownInv[v, Pi (k - 1/2), wp],
  N[ELUp[v, k], wp], QWUp[v, k, wp]}, 15, MyMin, True, 1],
  If[k == Last[ksB1], endst <> "\\midrule\n", endeverystr]], {k, ksB1 }]
  ], {v, vsB1}]]];
```

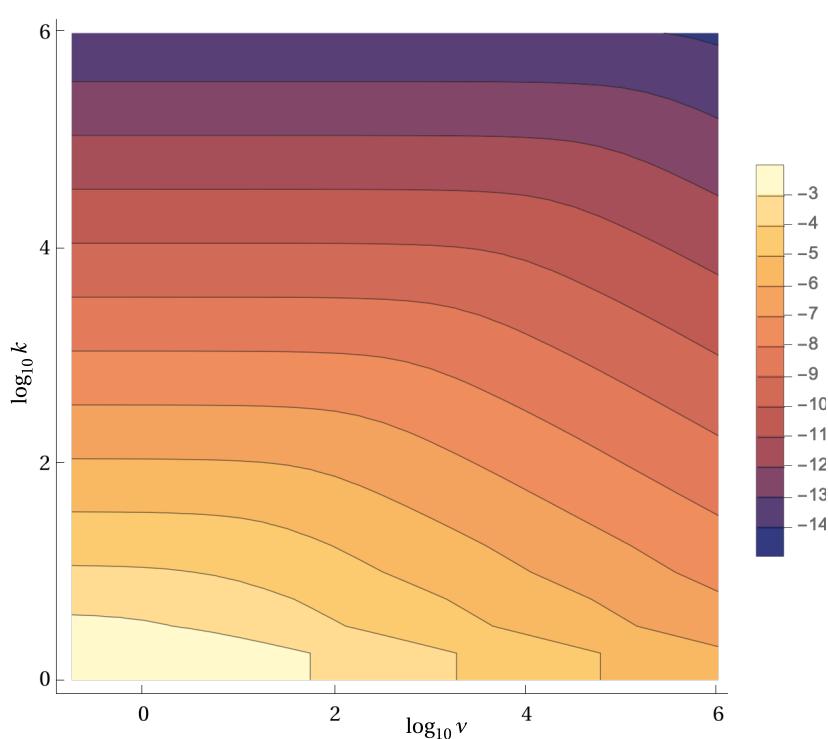
- Table 2 (remove semicolon to get L^AT_EX code)

```
In[257]:= StringJoin[Table[StringJoin["\\multirow{" <> ToString[Length[ksB1]] <> "} {*} {$",
  ToString[TeXForm[v]],
  "$}"],
  Table[StringJoin[MakeLineJ[k, {θUpInv[v, Pi (k - 1/2), wp],
  N[ELDown[v, k], wp], QWDown[v, k, wp]}, 15, MyMax, True, 1],
  If[k == Last[ksB1], endst <> "\\midrule\n", endeverystr]], {k, ksB1 }]
  ], {v, vsB1}]]];
```

- Figure accuracy of Bessel zeros bounds

```
In[258]:= 
vsB1Logs = (Range[28] - 4) / 4;
ksB1Logs = (Range[25] - 1) / 4;
wp = 16;
xyticks = {0, 2, 4, 6};
errs =
Flatten[Table[{vlog, klog, Log[10, θDownInv[10^vlog, Pi (Floor[10^klog] - 1/2), wp] /
θUpInv[10^vlog, Pi (Floor[10^klog] - 1/2), wp] - 1]}, {
{vlog, vsB1Logs}, {klog, ksB1Logs}}], 1];
(* figerrj=cleanContourPlot[ListContourPlot[errs,
Contours→Table[c,{c,-3,-14,-1}],PlotLegends→BarLegend[Automatic,All],
Frame→{{True,False},{True,False}},
FrameLabel→MaTeX[{"\log_{10}\nu"," \log_{10} k"}],
FrameTicks→{{xyticks, MaTeX[xyticks]}//Transpose,
{xyticks, MaTeX[xyticks]}//Transpose}]] *)
figerrj = Labeled[cleanContourPlot[ListContourPlot[errs,
Contours → Table[c, {c, -3, -14, -1}], PlotLegends → BarLegend[Automatic, All],
Frame → {{True, False}, {True, False}},
FrameTicks → {{xyticks, MaTeX[xyticks]} // Transpose,
{xyticks, MaTeX[xyticks]} // Transpose}],
MaTeX[{"\log_{10}\nu", "\log_{10} k"}],
{Bottom, Left}, RotateLabel → True, Spacings → {0, -0.7}]

Out[263]=
```



```
In[264]:= 
Export[SaveDir <> "figerrj.pdf", figerrj]
Out[264]=
./figerrj.pdf
```

§B.2. Bounds for zeros of derivatives of Bessel functions

- Pretty \LaTeX formatting

```
In[265]:= MakeLineJprime[k_, outbd_, bd_, l_, Myf_, showdiff_: False, dl_: 1] :=
Module[{str, minmax, b, stradd},
str = " & " <> ToString[k] <> " & " <> MyDecForm[outbd, l];
minmax = Myf[bd];
Do[
stradd = If[TrueQ[b == minmax],
" & {\color{red}" <> MyDecForm[b, l] <> "}" ,
" & " <> MyDecForm[b, l]];
str = str <> stradd, {b, bd}];
If[showdiff,
If[bd[[1]] != minmax,
str = str <> " & " <> ToString[TeXForm[ScientificForm[bd[[1]] / minmax - 1,
dl, NumberPoint \rightarrow If[dl == 1, "", "."]]]], str = str <> " & "]
];
str
];

```

- Table 3 (remove semicolon to get \LaTeX code)

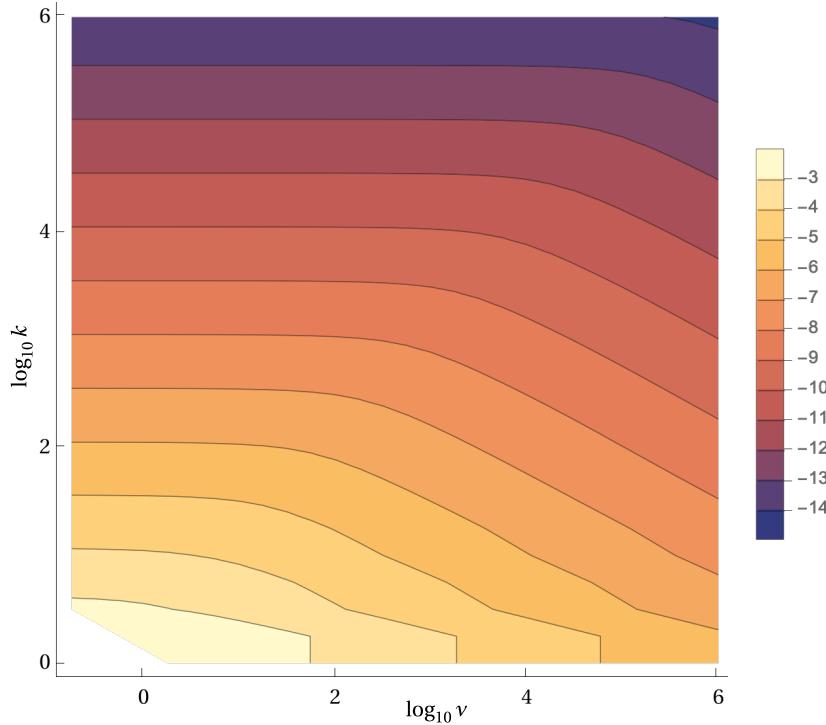
```
In[266]:= vstar0 = v /. FindRoot[zstar[v] / Pi == 1/2, {v, 1}];

In[267]:= StringJoin[Table[StringJoin["\\multirow{" <> ToString[Length[ksB1]] <> "}{{*}{\$",
ToString[TeXForm[v]],
"\$}",
Table[StringJoin[
MakeLineJprime[k, If[v > vstar0 || k > 1, \phiUpInv[v, Pi (k - 1/2), wp], None],
{\phiDownInv[v, Pi (k - 1/2), wp], ELprimeUp[v, k, wp]}, 15, MyMin, True, 1],
If[k == Last[ksB1], endst <> "\\midrule\\n", endeverystr]], {k, ksB1}]
], {v, vsB1}]];
(* remove semicolon to get \LaTeX for Table 3*)
```

- Figure accuracy of Bessel derivative zeros bounds

```
In[268]:= 
errsprime = Flatten[Table[If[10^vlog > vstar0 || Floor[10^klog] > 1,
    {vlog, klog, Log[10, θDownInv[10^vlog, Pi (Floor[10^klog] - 1/2), wp] / 
      θUpInv[10^vlog, Pi (Floor[10^klog] - 1/2), wp] - 1]}], 
  {vlog, vsB1Logs}, {klog, ksB1Logs}], 1];
errsprime = Select[errsprime, ! TrueQ[# == Null] &];
(* figerrjprime=cleanContourPlot[ListContourPlot[errsprime,
Contours→Table[c,{c,-3,-14,-1}],PlotLegends→BarLegend[Automatic,All],
Frame→{{True,False},{True,False}},
FrameLabel→MaTeX[{"\log_{10}\nu"," \log_{10} k"}],
FrameTicks→{{xyticks, MaTeX[xyticks]}/Transpose,
{xyticks, MaTeX[xyticks]}/Transpose}]] *)
figerrjprime = Labeled[cleanContourPlot[ListContourPlot[errsprime,
Contours → Table[c, {c, -3, -14, -1}], PlotLegends → BarLegend[Automatic, All],
Frame → {{True, False}, {True, False}},
FrameTicks → {{xyticks, MaTeX[xyticks]} // Transpose,
{xyticks, MaTeX[xyticks]} // Transpose}],
MaTeX[{"\log_{10}\nu", "\log_{10} k"}], {Bottom, Left},
RotateLabel → True, Spacings → {0, -0.7}]
```

Out[270]=



In[271]:=

```
Export[SaveDir <> "figerrjprime.pdf", figerrjprime]
```

Out[271]=

```
./figerrjprime.pdf
```